

ΕΛΙΑΜΕΠ  **ΕΛΙΑΜΕΡ**

ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟ ΙΔΡΥΜΑ ΕΥΡΩΠΑΪΚΗΣ & ΕΞΩΤΕΡΙΚΗΣ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΚΗΣ
HELLENIC FOUNDATION FOR EUROPEAN & FOREIGN POLICY

ANNUAL REPORT 2009

BUILDING
KNOWLEDGE
FOR
POLICY





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ABOUT ELIAMEP

The Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) is an independent, non-profit research, training and awareness-raising institute, established in Athens in 1988. Over the years it has developed into one of the most respected and influential think-tanks in Greece, focusing on the study of a wide and highly diversified range of issues relating to the biggest challenges faced today by Greece, Europe and the world.

The Foundation's work is guided by the principles of scientific research, critical thinking and the free exchange of views and ideas, and aims at developing scientifically substantiated, policy-oriented responses to issues, dominating the national and international public debate. Its main activities include conducting scientific research, providing authoritative information and training opportunities to various groups of professionals and promoting an informed public dialogue through awareness-raising initiatives, such as lectures and discussions, publications and online consultations. The Foundation also has a strong international presence, as it participates in important networks, such as the Arab Reform Initiative, the Black Sea Research Network, the Euro-Mediterranean Study Commission, the European Information Network on International Relations and Area Studies, the European Policy Institute Network, the Fundamental Rights Platform, the Initiative for Peacebuilding and the International Relations and Security Network. Furthermore, it has also developed long-lasting partnerships with the Alexander S. Onassis Public Benefit Foundation, the College of Europe and the Istanbul Bilgi University.

ELIAMEP's work is funded principally through the provision of research and training services to public and private institutions, both in Greece and abroad, as well as grants awarded to it in support of specific research, training and/or awareness-raising projects.

The Foundation is governed by a 13-member Board of Directors and a 10-member Honorary Council, which consist of prominent personalities from the fields of academia, politics, media, business and the military. It is staffed by a large number of research fellows, associates and interns, usually affiliated with it on the basis of specific projects, as well as a smaller number of permanent employees, who deal with the Foundation's day-to-day running and management.

For further information see www.eliamep.gr/en

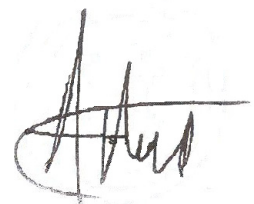


MESSAGE from the Director General

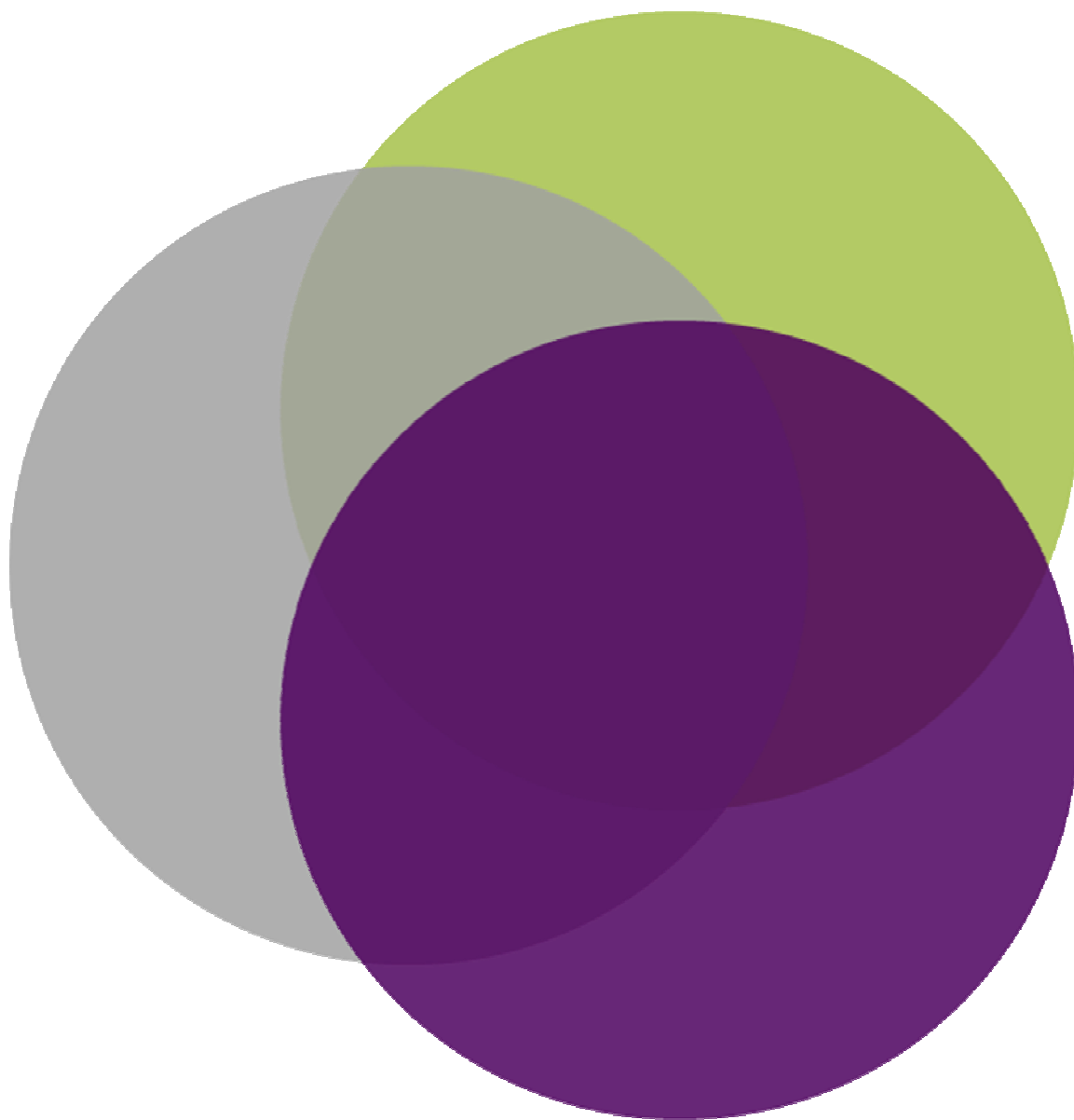
2009 has been a productive year for ELIAMEP, especially in the area of European integration and the EU's global role. The completion of a number of projects resulted in several publications about the future of Europe, as well as workshops and conferences. At the same time, ELIAMEP continued to work -through studies, meetings and workshops- on its traditional areas of interest, namely Greek-Turkish relations, Southeastern Europe, and the Middle East, as well as Transatlantic developments. Following the pattern set in the past few years, ELIAMEP maintained an increased presence in areas such as migration policies, minorities and human rights, security sector reform, climate change and its impact on global and regional stability, and energy security.

As planned, in 2009 we devoted additional resources to the further development of our cyber-activities (website and blog). In this context, we will launch a process of e-consultation on "Green development". Despite our shift to electronic publications, however, a substantial number of books, articles and research papers have been published, in addition to four issues of the Journal of Southeast European and Black Sea Studies.

In 2010, as a result of the evolving economic crisis, we will be re-thinking our priorities. It is our hope that this will not affect the quality of the Foundation's research and policy work. Areas of priorities will continue to include European integration and Europe's role in the world, the causes and consequences of the European and Greek economic crisis and issues of economic governance, migration, human rights, transatlantic relations, climate change, security sector reform, energy politics and, of course, developments in Turkey, the Balkans, the Black Sea and the Mediterranean/Middle East. On the latter region, a Programme of Middle Eastern Studies will be established. Finally, it will remain our standard policy to seek promoting institutional cooperation in our neighborhood through the strengthening of networks.



Thanos Dokos





RESEARCH

Research is one of the two main tools used by ELIAMEP to achieve its objectives. It is conducted in the form of individual or team projects by specialized research fellows and associates and involves, not only “mapping the field”, but also identifying and developing alternative future scenarios and formulating corresponding realistic policy recommendations.

In recent years ELIAMEP has accumulated significant experience and expertise in research related to European integration and the future of Europe; migration; multiculturalism; security and international relations; conflict resolution and peace-building; democracy and civic participation; energy; the media; human rights; environmental issues and climate change in particular; transatlantic relations; and, of course, political, economic and military developments in Greece’s wider neighbourhood, including the Balkans, the Black Sea, the Caucasus, the Mediterranean and the Middle East, with special emphasis on Greek-Turkish relations and Cyprus.

Currently ELIAMEP focuses on the following four major research fields:

- European Integration
- National & International Security and Regional Developments
- Transatlantic Relations
- Migration

European Integration

The field of European integration traditionally belongs to ELIAMEP's key research areas. It focuses on political and institutional developments related to EU enlargement and to the further deepening of the integration process. In 2009 our Foundation conducted numerous research projects on a wide range of European issues, such as the future of the EU, cultural diversity, Social Europe, law and human rights, and produced a significant number of related academic and policy-oriented publications. Furthermore, we continued taking active part in related debates and promoting the study of European relations through the participation of our researchers in numerous high-level international conferences, seminars and other activities. Last, but not least, in 2009 ELIAMEP became one of the 17 institutions in Greece, chosen by the European Commission to host a Europe Direct Information Center for the next programming period (2009-2012).

For further information see <http://www.eliamep.gr/en/category/european-integration/>



Research Projects

An EU “Fit for Purpose” in a Global Age

2009 marked the climax and successful conclusion of the project **An EU ‘fit for purpose’ in the Global Age**, organized by *Policy Network* in association with the *European Institute of the London School of Economics* and *ELIAMEP*. Following 12 months of engaging with a wide-ranging group of distinguished academics, policymakers and government advisers from across Europe and looking at the key clusters of policy choices facing the EU post-2009, the project partners presented three collective volumes, featuring over 90 original policy papers by leading experts on the role of the European Union as a political entity in a rapidly changing world and how it should reform itself, both internally and externally, in order to overcome and respond to the multifaceted challenges of the global age we live in. A synthesis paper, composed by the editors of the aforementioned volumes, Olaf Cramme, Roger Liddle and Loukas Tsoukalis, summarized the major findings and recommendations of the project and provided a compact analysis of how the EU needs to evolve and operate if it is to live up to the expectations and hopes of many of its citizens.



THE LONDON SCHOOL
OF ECONOMICS AND
POLITICAL SCIENCE ■



Events

An EU “fit for purpose” in the global age: defining Europe’s value in the next decade, *Brussels, 4 November 2009*

Organized by *Policy Network*, in partnership with *Friends of Europe*, this major international conference was aimed at presenting the results of the project and discussing the views and recommendations discussed therein. The keynote speech was delivered by the President of the European Commission, José Manuel Barroso.

Options for the EU post-2009 - Presentation of the first draft of the synthesis report, *London, 9 March 2009*

Organized by *Policy Network*, in association with the *European Institute of the London School of Economics* and *ELIAMEP*, this panel debate, held at LSE with the participation of the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs of the UK, David Miliband, the Irish Minister for European Affairs, Dick Roche, the Dutch Minister for European Affairs, Frans Timmermans and the President of *ELIAMEP*, Loukas Tsoukalis, discussed the role of the EU in the new era, characterized by the economic crisis and the significant change of the balance of power in the global system.

Publications

- **Rescuing the European project: EU legitimacy, governance and security**, *Olaf Cramme (Ed.), Policy Network, 2009*
- **After the crisis: A new socio-economic settlement for the EU**. *Roger Liddle (Ed.), Policy Network, 2009*
- **The EU in a world in transition: Fit for what purpose?**, *Loukas Tsoukalis (Ed.), Policy Network, 2009*
- **“An EU ‘fit for purpose’ in the global age - Can we rise to the challenge?” - Synthesis Paper**, *Loukas Tsoukalis - Olaf Cramme - Roger Liddle, Policy Network, 2009*

Think Global - Act European II

In 2008 *Notre Europe* and *Fondation pour l' innovation politique (Fondapol)* brought together a group of 14 renowned European think tanks with the aim of making recommendations to the then forthcoming EU presidency including France, the Czech Republic and Sweden (July 2008 - December 2009).



The project was continued in 2009 with the preparation of a second report, under the auspices of *Notre Europe*, which aimed at making recommendations to the following EU presidency including Spain, Belgium and Hungary (January 2010 - June 2011). The report was introduced by a global synthesis, written by the editorial committee (*Notre Europe, Elcano, Egmont, GKI*), and featured three contributions by ELIAMEP research fellows.

Publications

- **TGAE II - The Contribution of 14 European Think Tanks to the Spanish, Belgian and Hungarian Trio Presidency of the European Union**, Directed by *Elvire Fabry and Gaëtane Ricard-Nihoul*, *Notre Europe*, March 2010

Contributions by ELIAMEP research fellows:

- *Integrating Peace, Security and Environmental Priorities in EU Development Cooperation Policies*, by *Ruby Gropas*
- *The Nabucco Project: Implications for the EU Strategic Energy Review*, by *Ioannis N. Grigoriadis*
- *The Distribution of Competences under the Reform Treaty: Some Suggestions towards an Improved Policy-Making Process*, by *Filippa Chatzistavrou*

IME - Identities & Modernities in Europe

The IME project on Identities and Modernities in Europe, was launched in May 2009. This research project investigates the question of European identities and refers to a wide range of definitions of 'us, the Europeans' proposed and acted upon by various actors in and around the current European Union (EU). Nine countries are studied: Bulgaria, Croatia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. The project addresses three major issues regarding European identities: what they are, in what ways they have been formed and what trajectories they may take from now on.



EUROPEAN
COMMISSION



Publications

The state of the art: various paths to modernity - Greek case report, *Ruby Gropas and Anna Triandafyllidou, Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP), December 2009*

In this report Triandafyllidou and Gropas argue that Greece's own perception of its national and European identities is based on a web of rival and even conflictual relations between attachment to tradition and continuity on the one hand, and desire to pursue modernity, social contestation, rationality and secularism on the other. As such, though Greece has been considered as being at the core of and having inspired modern Europe's values and identity since the Enlightenment, at the same time, it has had to undergo repeated (and in many cases costly and painful) reforms in order to become more 'modern,' to become more Europeanised. In response to this quest and to its own historical experience of modernization, Greece is marked by two competing modernity frameworks: one Western and one Eastern. In many ways Greece can be considered either as still pre-modern or anti-modern. However, Triandafyllidou and Gropas suggest that Greece can be viewed as proposing an alternative path to modernity: one of a peripheral post-industrial parliamentary democracy that has moved from pre-modern economic and political forms of organisation to post-modern ones without ever properly modernizing or industrializing and without ever replacing its own cultural traditions with those of western European modernity.

Collecting Societies & Cultural Diversity in the Music

Sector

Commissioned by the European Parliament, this six-month study, which was coordinated by ELIAMEP, identified recent market developments in the field of music rights management and examined how EU policy on music rights licensing affects (or might affect) cultural diversity in the music sector. The study was based on the premise that music rights management may have major repercussions on creative activity and the market availability of diversified musical content. The business model used for the collection and distribution of revenues to right holders can affect the volume of creative output and condition the presence of different types of music repertoire in the market. In order to examine the cultural ramifications of recent EU activity in the field, in-depth research was carried out in five EU Member States, which were selected as 'case-studies': Belgium, Germany, Italy, Spain and the UK



Events

European Parliament, Legal Affairs Committee
Brussels, 2 December 2009

In the framework of the regular meetings of the Legal Affairs Committee of the European Parliament, this meeting served to present the findings of the study and discuss them with European Parliamentarians.

The provision of legal online music services in turmoil?

Brussels, 1 December 2009

Organized by the *Research Centre on IT and Law of the University of Namur*, this workshop aimed at exploring the significant changes that cross-border management of copyright has lately encountered. It offered an opportunity to present the results of the study and discuss them with scientists, decision-makers and key stakeholders.

Publications

Collecting Societies and Cultural Diversity in the Music Sector, *European Parliament, Directorate General for Internal Policies, Policy Department B, Structural and Cohesion Policies (Scientific Coordinator: Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy, Dr. Evangelia Psychogiopoulou), June 2009*

According to the findings of the study, recent Commission action in the field of digital rights' management has generated various business models for multi-territorial rights clearance. These have essentially pertained to copyright management. The new channels that have been established for the provision of EU-wide licenses concern specific types of repertoire, mainly the Anglo-American repertoire. In consequence, no multi-territorial and multi-repertoire licensing system exists. Most of the business models that have emerged for digital rights clearance have derived from music publishers. Major music publishers have withdrawn the mechanical rights they enjoy in the Anglo-American repertoire from the traditional system of collecting societies' reciprocal representation and have entrusted them to specific collecting societies or newly created collective rights management bodies for pan-European digital exploitation. This seems to have enhanced major publishers' negotiating power to the detriment of composers, lyricists and local music publishers. It thus poses a fundamental challenge for cultural diversity. Cultural diversity could also be impaired if the present restructuring of the digital rights licensing market results in limited market availability of specialised and less popular repertoires. In fact, the

study has disclosed that the repertoires of the EU Member States do not develop at the same rate and do not circulate within and outside the EU with the same success. EU policy in the field of music rights management should take such a situation into account. What seems indeed to be important for the protection and promotion of cultural diversity in Europe is a mechanism whereby through increased collaboration among collecting societies and other licensing operators, music rights management aims at: a) broad availability and access to a variety of repertoires, including small and niche repertoires; b) a balanced accommodation of the interests of all right holders; c) user-friendly, uncomplicated and comprehensive rights clearance services; and d) increased rights managers' transparency and accountability.

RECOWOE - Reconciling Work and Welfare

In 2009, ELIAMEP continued its participation in the Network of Excellence RECOWOE (Reconciling Work and Welfare), now in its third year. The network, which is composed of experts and academics on social and employment policy from all over Europe, convened in its annual assembly to present new scientific work and decide on management issues. ELIAMEP is active in two different tasks of the network, namely, first, a task focusing on the usages of Europe by national welfare policy makers and the Europeanization of social policy in EU Member States; and, second, a task on the politics of flexicurity and in particular the reception of EU-inspired models of flexicurity in labour relations and employment policies of EU Member States. The third Annual RECOWOE Integration Week was held in Utrecht from June 9-13th, 2009, and was organized by the Department of Interdisciplinary Social Science of the University of Utrecht. ELIAMEP was represented at the assembly by Myrto Stassinopoulou, a political scientist who is a member of the ELIAMEP team and who participated in the proceedings of the aforementioned task on Europeanisation (Task meeting T04.23: Europeanisation.) Dimitri A. Sotiropoulos, Assoc. Professor of Political Science at the University of Athens and scientific coordinator of the Greek team of RECOWOE, presented a paper in a two - day long workshop of this task which was held in Paris in November 2009. Other members of the Greek team are George Pagoulatos, Assoc. Professor of the Athens University of Economics and Business and Dimitris Bourikos, Ph.D. candidate in the Department of Political Science and Public Administration of the University of Athens.

Publications

- **Opportunities for and problems of European social policy: the European employment policy and the open coordination method** (in Greek), *Dimitris A. Sotiropoulos, ELIAMEP, 2009*
- **Governance in EU Social and Employment Policy: A Survey**, *George Pagoulatos, Myrto Stassinopoulou and Dimitris A. Sotiropoulos, ELIAMEP, 2009*



Events

Europeanization Seminar

Paris, 26-28 November 2009

On this seminar Dimitri A. Sotiropoulos presented a paper entitled "The Europeanization of employment-friendly policies in Greece"

RECOWOE Integration Week

Utrecht, 9-13 June 2009

This major international conference was aimed at presenting the results of the project and discussing the views and recommendations discussed therein.

EU-CONSENT : Wider Europe, Deeper Integration?

Involving 48 partner institutes in joint research and teaching focusing on the construction of a new Europe, the EU-CONSENT ("Constructing Europe" Network) Network of Excellence concluded its work in 2009. ELIAMEP participated in this ambitious and innovative project by leading a group of experts studying economic integration. During 2009 the team examined different methods through which economic instruments have furthered political integration thus far and the extent to which this may continue in the enlarged and enlarging EU. Particular emphasis has been laid on linking economic policies and economic integration to political choices and to the overall shape and direction of European integration (i.e. the Lisbon strategy, European economic governance etc.). The team has examined the relationship between economic policies and basic political values, and has addressed questions about stability, growth, cohesion, the redistributive dimension and democracy in the enlarged European Union.



Publications

- **The budgetary dimension of 'social Europe'; Scenarios and strategies for the future**, *George Andreou and Nikos Koutsiaras, ELIAMEP, 2009*
The goal of this paper is to contribute to the discussion on the reform of the EU budget by defining a set of scenarios and strategies for the budgetary dimension of 'social Europe'. More specifically, applying a multi-disciplinary perspective, the authors seek to identify these scenarios and strategies that seem a) more likely than others and b) more acceptable than others in terms of the input- (legitimacy) and the output - dimension (efficiency) of democratic political systems.
- **Flexicurity, Flexigurança, Evasfaleia... Different perceptions through major European newspapers**, *Sofia Michalaki, ELIAMEP, 2009*
This paper is an attempt to outline the various reactions to the so called "flexicurity" concept in three EU-15 member states, namely Greece, Portugal and the UK. The importance of discourse in reform introduction and implementation is followed by the short history of flexicurity and a brief description of the major reforms carried out in line with Lisbon Strategy's goals and EU Employment Strategy's guidelines by the national governments of the aforementioned member states. The main part of the paper is dedicated to a thorough analysis of the flexicurity discourse as it unfolds in European quality press columns. Quality, high circulation, non-alignment (with a certain political party), free archive accessibility via Internet are the criteria that led to the selection of Η Καθημερινή for Greece, Diário de Notícias for Portugal and the Financial Times (also references to The Guardian and The Independent) for the UK.

JURISTRAS - The Strasbourg Court, Democracy and the Human Rights of Individuals and Communities: Patterns of Litigation, State Implementation and Domestic Reform

In 2009 ELIAMEP successfully concluded the JURISTRAS project, which comparatively explored processes of human rights litigation in the European Court of Human Rights (ECtHR) and the effects of its judgments on national laws, judicial attitudes and policy making. JURISTRAS studied the relationship between courts and politics, between judicial review of human rights at the supranational level and domestic politics and policies in Europe. It comparatively explored processes of human rights litigation in the European Court of Human Rights judgments, and their implementation at the national level by specifically focusing on case-law pertaining to marginalised individuals and minorities across nine countries. Do states implement ECtHR judgments and under what conditions do they do so? What is the impact of ECtHR case-law on the legal norms, institutional structures and policies of national states that participate in it? Do these judgments influence rights-expansive policy change at the national level? These are some of the main questions that have guided our empirical research in nine qualitative, country-specific case studies. They also seek to identify and explain differences in how promptly national authorities implement ECtHR judgments. The research has included case studies of eight EU member states (Austria, Bulgaria, France, Greece, Germany, Italy, Romania and the UK) and one accession state (Turkey), as well as a series of comparative analyses.



Following the production of detailed state of the art and case study reports on all nine countries examined, in the final year of the project the research consortium worked on five cross-state comparative reports, focusing on specific policy areas directly implicated in the rights claims raised in the Strasbourg judgments under study, with a view to identifying significant patterns of variation in Strasbourg litigation, state compliance and domestic legislative and policy reform. The main issues discussed included: litigation, implementation and the rights of victims of discrimination; litigation, implementation and gender and sexual orientation issues; litigation, implementation and the politics of minorities; litigation, implementation and the rights of immigrants and asylum seekers; litigation, implementation and religion-state relations. A general comparative report providing a quantitative and qualitative analysis of the implementation of ECtHR rulings in the nine countries under examination was also prepared. In the final stages of the project the emphasis shifted towards exploiting the results in the best possible way through the publication of policy suggestions and dissemination activities. In addition, on the basis of research findings, project partners identified best practices and formulated recommendations regarding ways to improve implementation of human rights domestically, and to enhance levels of protection for marginalised individuals and minorities. Policy recommendations have been formulated in reference to each of the nine countries that have studied in the course of the project, but also consider the European level mechanisms and how these can be improved.

Publications

- Does European Human Rights Law Matter? State Implementation and Domestic Impact of Strasbourg Court Judgments, *Dia Anagnostou* (to be published in *International Journal of Human Rights* in 2010)
- Individuals from Minority and Marginalised Groups before the Strasbourg Court: Legal Norms and State Responses from a Comparative Perspective, *Dia Anagnostou & Susan Millns* (to be published in *European Public Law*, Vol. 16, No. 3, Autumn 2010)
- Human rights litigation and restrictive state implementation of Strasbourg Court judgments: The case of ethnic minorities from Southeast Europe, *Dia Anagnostou & Yonko Grozev* (to be published in *European Public Law*, Vol. 16, No. 3, Autumn 2010)
- Litigation and implementation in the ECtHR and domestic impact: Does it promote the rights of immigrants and asylum seekers?, *Kerstin Buchinger & Astrid Steinkellner* (to be published in *European Public Law*, Vol. 16, No. 3, Autumn 2010)
- Secularism in Europe, as refracted through the prism of the European Court of Human Rights: Comparative analysis of state-church relations and the state regulation of religion, *Haldun Güralp* (to be published in *European Public Law*, Vol. 16, No. 3, Autumn 2010)
- Women's rights, transgender rights and homosexual rights on the European stage: Do these marginalised groups find a "voice" in the ECtHR?, *Susan Millns & Kimberley Brayson* (to be published in *European Public Law*, Vol. 16, No. 3, Autumn 2010)
- *Dia Anagnostou*, La «domestication» de la jurisprudence de la Cour Européenne des Droits de l' Homme. Une analyse politique de l'impact des normes juridiques supranationales au plan national , *L'Europe des Cours: Loyautés et Résistances*, *Emmanuelle Bribosia et al. (eds.)*, Bruylant, 2009
- *Emmanuelle Bribosia*, *Amaya Ubeda De Torres*, Le dialogue entre la Cour européenne des droits de l'homme et les juges nationaux, *L'Europe des Cours*, *E. Bribosia, L. Scheek. A. Ubeda De Torres (eds.)*, Bruylant, Bruxelles, 2009 (40 p. in press)
- *Isabelle Rorive*, Le dialogue des juges, un phénomène aux facettes multiples, *L'Europe des Cours*, *E. Bribosia, L. Scheek. A. Ubeda De Torres (eds.)*, Bruylant, Bruxelles, 2009, pp. 281-286
- *Isabelle Rorive*, A Comparative and European Examination of National Institutions in the Field of Discrimination and Racism, *New Institutions for Human Rights Protection*, *K. BOYLE (ed.)*, OUP, Oxford, 2009, pp. 137-173
- *Isabelle Rorive*, Religious Symbols in the Public Space: In Search of a European answer, *Cardozo Law Review*, 2009, vol. 30, pp. 101-130
- *Serena Sileoni*, La CEDU e l'espulsione di immigrati stranieri: segnali di una emergente giurisprudenza sul trattamento di soggetti deboli in Italia, *Quaderni costituzionali*, No. 2/2009

Events

The European Court of Human Rights in the National, Legal and Political Order - An Inquiry into the Implementation of Court Judgments and the Rights of Marginalised Individuals and Minorities

Strasbourg, 18 June 2009

This conference took place at the Council of Europe and marked the conclusion of the EU-funded research project JURISTRAS. It aimed at gathering scientists dealing with human rights, minority issues and the implementation of judgments of the ECHR, legal and national representatives from the Council of Europe and EU officials to discuss the main findings of the project, and focused on national experience from the nine countries that were examined: Greece, Austria, Bulgaria, Romania, Great Britain, France, Germany and Turkey.



Stavros Costopoulos Research Fellowship

Since 2007, ELIAMEP hosts a Research Fellowship on European Affairs with the support of the J. F. Costopoulos Foundation. The fellowship aims to promote the research and policy-oriented activities of ELIAMEP in the fields of European Integration and the future of the EU. ELIAMEP's ambition is to launch more research fellowships aiming at educating a new generation of scientists, researchers and experts who will staff international organisations, public and private sector entities and university departments.

From October 2008 to August 2009 the fellowship was held by Jannis Emmanouilidis, who had joined ELIAMEP one year earlier as the first Stavros Costopoulos Research Fellow. In this second term Emmanouilidis became involved in a number of projects, including the publication of the series ELIAMEP Thesis, of which he was the editor, and the organization of the 6th ELIAMEP European Seminar, entitled The Delphic Oracle on Europe: Politics and Policies, for which he also prepared a special Strategy Paper, entitled Global Europe 2025. He also participated in various scientific and advisory groups, including, among others, a US-European Working Group on Security and Defence and a project of the Bertelsmann Foundation aiming at producing a European Briefing Book on Security and Defence for the next European Parliament (2009-2014). In addition, throughout the year, he also published many articles, opinion pieces and reports and actively participated in numerous conferences and seminars.

In autumn 2009 Mr. Emmanouilidis accepted a new position at EPC in Brussels and, following a new selection procedure, the fellowship was awarded to Giorgos Glynos. Glynos has worked for years as a senior official at the European Commission and has significant experience in the matters of the operation of European institutions, and the configuration and implementation of the Union's policies, such as the economic and monetary, regional, social and the policy of enlargement.





ELIAMEP Europe Direct Information Center

In 2009 ELIAMEP became one of the 17 institutions in Greece, chosen by the European Commission to host Europe Direct Information Centers for the next programming period (2009-2012). The center aims at bringing citizens living in Greece closer to the European Union by offering them multifaceted and well-documented information on all European issues that are of interest to them. Citizens can contact the center to ask for information regarding, for example, the structure and functioning of European institutions; European legislation; citizens' rights; ways of participating in the drafting of European policies and in European political life; funding opportunities offered by the EU; studying or working in other EU member states, etc. The center also offers free copies of official EU publications, Internet access in order for visitors to search for online information with the help of the center's specialized staff, as well as access to ELIAMEP's rich library. Last but not least, it disseminates information about the EU and contributes to promoting the public debate on European issues through running a special website, organizing round-table discussions, visits to schools and other events, and maintaining contacts with the media.



Publications

Building a European Values Community (in Greek), Europe Direct ELIAMEP, 2009

This brochure provides information on the fundamental principles and values the European Union is built upon, with special emphasis on the Charter of Fundamental Rights and its significance for European citizens. Aiming to address the general public, it is written in a concise and easily understandable, yet well-documented, way and has become one of the most popular publications offered by the center.

Events



Back to School

Athens, May-December 2009

This series of events aimed at improving the knowledge of the students about the EU and consisted of presentations, held by ELIAMEP experts and followed by a short Q&A session and discussion with the participating students and teachers. Special info packs including official EU publications were handed out at the end of each visit to offer students further detailed information on issues of interest to young European citizens. The schools visited were the German School of Athens (May 2009), the 3rd Glyfada High School (November 2009) and the Athens Intercultural Junior High (December 2009).



The EU in the New Global Environment: Institutional Quests, Economic Perspectives, Political Visions

Athens, 20 May 2009

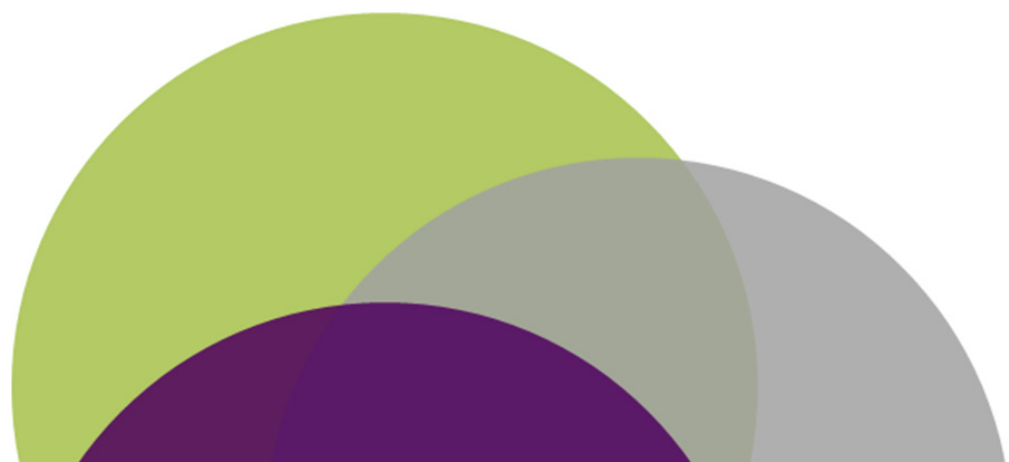
This one-day conference was held ahead of the 2009 European elections and aimed at informing the public about the issues at stake and promoting their participation in the debate about the future of the EU. It addressed a wide range of questions and was attended by many distinguished guest speakers, including university professors, MEPs, journalists, etc.



Fiscal and Economic Reform in Greece and the European Union

Ioannina, 16 November 2009

This round-table discussion aimed at informing the citizens about the policies of the European Union and the way they are interlinked with the policies of the member-states. It touched upon many issues that climbed to the top of the European and Greek political agenda in the following months and discussed what reforms were needed to secure a viable future for the generations to come. The event had wide coverage from the media, including an interview with the three speakers in the local TV station, ITV.





Related publications

And what if we came out of our shell?

Loukas Tsoukalis, *Papazisis*, 2009

Professor Loukas Tsoukalis' latest book includes sixty short articles on a wide range of subjects. It starts with the uncertain adaptation of Greece in response to a constantly changing world, a conservative society and a political system which has reached its limits: signs of a deepening crisis. One of the themes in the book is the political choices of a Europe that doesn't know yet what she is and what she wants to become when she grows up. We live the end of an era in political, economical and ideological terms. Finally, markets are not auto-regulated, truth is not uni-dimensional and for sure one superpower is not enough to give its original interpretation, and also to impose it. However, who can predict the new era in a more complex world with many sources of instability and vague rules?



The European Union and its Neighbourhood: Time for a Rethink

Helen Wallace, *ELIAMEP Thesis 4/2009*, 2009

On 7 May 2009 leading policy-makers from the European Union (EU) held a high-level meeting with political leaders from Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, and Ukraine in order to launch a new Eastern Partnership. Helen Wallace, the author of the newest issue of ELIAMEP Thesis entitled *The European Union and its Neighbourhood: Time for a Rethink*, analyses and evaluates the benefits and deficiencies of this new policy initiative. She argues that it is high time for EU policy-makers to renew and to reinvigorate the relationships with these east European neighbours. The European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP) had run its course in its previous format and further EU enlargement is running up against problems. However, Professor Wallace holds that the *Eastern Partnership* has been launched at a difficult moment, given the political turmoil inside some of the target countries. In addition, the actual content of *Eastern Partnership* has so far been sketched only in outline. Helen Wallace maintains that much more thought - and imagination - needs to be given to how to reshape the relationships between the EU and its eastern partners and to which tools are needed for the job.

The European Commission 2004-09: A Politically Weakened Institution?

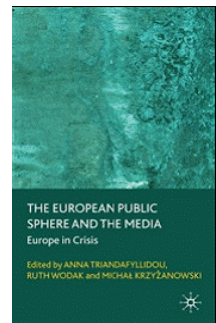
Piotr Maciej Kaczyński (*Rapporteur*), *EPIN Working Paper Nr. 23*, 2009

In this paper 25 experts from the European Policy Institutes Network (EPIN) have attempted to evaluate the successes and failures of the (first) Barroso Commission, each from their national perspective. The picture that emerges is of a Commission that has become politically weakened *vis-à-vis* the other institutions and in the Union as a whole. At the same time the Commission's greatest success is the adoption of the Climate and Energy Package, which appears to be widely appreciated across the EU. ELIAMEP participated in this endeavour by preparing the country report on Greece, written by Jannis Emmanouilidis and Vanessa Stachtou.

The European public sphere and the media: Europe in crisis

Anna Triandafyllidou, Ruth Wodak and Michał Krzyzanowski (eds.), Palgrave, 2009

This book contributes to the theoretical and policy debates on the existence and development of a European public sphere. It presents a critical discussion of the links between media, history and politics in Europe by looking at the re-organization of ideological and political determinants (such as Left-Right or East-West) and debating the existence of a European editorial culture. The volume also examines how international crises have been debated in national media in Europe throughout the post war period. It looks empirically at the national media coverage of eight crisis events: the 1956 revolution in Budapest, the building of the Berlin Wall in 1961, the May 1968 youth revolt in Paris, the events of August 1968 in Prague, the declaration of a state of war in Poland in 1981, the fall of the Berlin Wall in 1989, the outbreak of the Second Gulf War in 2003 and the Mohammed cartoons crisis in 2006.



From “I” to “We”: foreign policy in the era of the European Union and globalization

Alexandros Yiannis (Foreword by Theodoros Couloumbis), Papazisis, 2009

In the era of the European Union and globalization, where -like Rubik’s cube- every movement has consequences for all sides, the nation-states of the European Union are called to review ways of defining their national interests and conducting their foreign policies. In his book, From “I” to “We”: Foreign policy in the era of the European Union and globalization, Alexandros Yiannis observes that the first step in facing supranational challenges - terrorism, immigration, poverty, climate change- is to move from the “I” to the “We”. In this way, we could follow the formation of a “European raison d’etat” that will complement national interest without revoking it. In parallel, the European Union is called to evolve into an influential global actor, setting the regulation of globalization as its main target. A strong Europe, however, requires a supranational European foreign policy, thus cutting the umbilical cord of unanimous decision-making and moving forward from “I” to “We”.





Related events

Fiscal Deficits & Europe: why is Mr. Almunia making a fuss about it? *Athens, 19 December 2009*



On 19 December 2009 the Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) organised a public discussion on “Fiscal Deficits & Europe: Why Mr. Almunia is making a fuss about it?”, which included the ascertainment of Greek problem, the framework and the stakes that were in place while asserting that among others the solution is in targeted fiscal interventions in the revenues and costs in order to deal with the imbalances and to enhance the country’s credit worthiness. The horizontal fiscal interventions in this case run the risk of aggravating the recession. In these interventions are also included the treatment of the insurance system deadlock.

The success of the Polish economy in light of the global economic crisis *Athens, 26 November 2009*



ELIAMEP and the Embassy of the Republic of Poland in Athens organized a lecture by Mr. Jan Krzysztof Bielecki, former Prime Minister of Poland; President & CEO, Bank Pekao SA, Warsaw. Mr. Bielecki’s lecture focused on the success of the Polish economy in light of the global economic crisis. Among others, Mr. Bielecki mentioned that the Polish economy is less affected by external economic shocks because (i) of the size of its domestic market, (ii) its export share relative to GDP is only 40 percent, and (iii) Polish commercial banks did not over-leverage themselves with rapid credit expansion, in particular in foreign currency lending. In his view the economic crisis is a one-off event. While some countries are muddling through, others are focused on the continued implementation of a reform agenda, even if that means painful adjustments for citizens. But, the crisis is not over and may still spring unexpected external shocks. Poland’s membership in the EU is proving to be an anchor of stability during the economic crisis. Warsaw is currently receiving the equivalent of 1.4 percent of annual GDP in EU funds. Until 2013 Poland will be allocated by Brussels approximately € 67 billion of EU funds. This influx of resources poses a challenge for the absorption capacity and transparent management of EU funds for the authorities in Poland.

ESF Exploratory Workshop on Legal Rights, Mobilization and Political Participation in Europe

Athens, 9-10 October 2009



A two-day workshop entitled “Rights, legal mobilization and political participation in Europe” was organized and convened by ELIAMEP in Athens. It was funded by the European Science Foundation as part of the ESF exploratory workshop series. Twenty two participants were involved in the workshop. Sixteen participants came from 10 different countries (besides Greece) such as Turkey, the UK, Spain, France, Italy, Poland, Germany, Estonia, the Netherlands and the USA. From an interdisciplinary perspective that cuts across the fields of law, politics and sociology, the workshop explored the mobilization of rights on behalf of less privileged social actors and civil society through legal and judicial processes in pursuit of collective and public interest goals in Europe. There has been very little research in European comparative legal and political analysis of whether and the extent to which citizens actually pursue their interests and seek to influence political processes through the legal and judicial system. This is a glaring gap given ample evidence about a growing trend of public interest litigation across Europe, accompanied by social mobilization by NGOs and more recently supported by a variety of equality bodies. Yet, we still have very little systematic knowledge about this flourishing activity, as well as of its consequences for political participation and electoral democracy in European polities.

The German Elections: Results, Reasons and Perspectives

Athens, 8 October 2009



ELIAMEP in cooperation with the German Embassy in Athens organized a lecture at the University of Athens with Claus Offe, Professor, Hertie School of Governance, Berlin, on the outcome of the September 2009 general elections in Germany. Four days after the Greek parliamentary elections, the public discussion drew more than seventy people eager to hear about the German case and compare it with the developments in Athens. Ambassador Dr. Schultheiss emphasized how both Germany and Greece were still under the impression of two elections which brought considerable change and included unexpected outcomes. While Greece opted for a comprehensive change of government, the German electorate favored the smaller version of a change in the coalition composition of government. Prof. Offe placed the German elections in the context of the economic and financial sector crises, with far-reaching repercussions in areas such as unemployment, budgetary crisis and social policy making capacity. The German party system now essentially comprises a field of five-and-a-half organizations. The new ‘kid on the block’ is Die Linke, a leftist party with roots in the eastern parts of Germany that successfully attracted disenchanted and disillusioned former voters of the Social Democrats (SPD)

Can European Governments respond to the challenge of the Obama Administration?

Athens, 14 April 2009



ELIAMEP organised a lecture with Professor Lord William Wallace on the question of the US's renewed commitment to multilateralism and willingness to listen, which arguably poses the question what do the Europeans want to say in response? According to Prof. William Wallace, it is a matter of interest to note that from the American point of view, the EU is regarded as a unity, possibly a federation in the making. In this framework the EU is viewed as a part of the western 'free' world, of which the natural leader remains the USA. This perception, however, comes in sharp contrast with the current image of fragmentation that the EU is projecting and the lack of coherence among the Europeans. Overall, in order to be regarded as a trustworthy and independent partner in global affairs, the EU has to set clear targets and concrete paths on how to accomplish them. European heads of government need to find common messages and put them across both to the US administration as well as the US public. Only in this way will the EU be able to abandon the image of 'follower' to the USA and be finally able to explain what European interests are, where they coincide with American interests and where they differ.

The European Union and its Neighborhood

Athens, 8 April 2009



ELIAMEP and the Alexander S. Onassis Foundation organized a lecture at the Onassis Foundation in Athens by Professor Helen Wallace on the occasion of the Eastern Partnership Initiative which was to be launched on May 2009. In her speech, Professor Wallace concentrated on the perspectives of Eastern Partnership, a newly developed initiative concerning the EU's eastern neighbourhood, based on two pillars. The bilateral component of Eastern Partnership includes Association Agreements, economic integration by means of "deep free trade areas" with each country; "mobility and security pacts" to open up scope for free movement of individuals; and measures to promote energy security. The multilateral dimension of Eastern Partnership will concentrate on four thematic platforms - democratic governance, economic integration, energy, soft measures to promote contacts - and will rely on an institutional structure including meetings on the level of heads of state and government as well as ministerial and expert meetings.

Relations between China and the EU

Athens, 30 March 2009



Following its continuing economic development and together with its vast size, long history and large population, China has gradually emerged as a leading player in global affairs. Accordingly, China's foreign policy since the beginning of the 21st century has been forged by two main tendencies. On one hand, as a rising power, it carries an important role as an actor of peaceful global development, which equally affects its foreign and domestic policies. On the other, it has to counter global perceptions viewing China as a 'rising threat'. These issues were raised at a Public Lecture organized by ELIAMEP with Professor Yu Xintian, Director of the Academic Committee, Shanghai Institute for International Studies (SIIS).

European Security in a Global Environment

Athens, 12 February 2009



The fall of the Berlin Wall and the end of the Cold War, while certainly not marking the “end of history”, inaugurated a new era in global politics, redefining in the process the role of the European Union. In a lecture organized by ELIAMEP and the Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany in Athens, at the European Parliament Offices in Athens, the Political Director of the German Ministry of Foreign Affairs Dr. Volker Stanzel outlined some of the current security challenges facing Europe and proposed a new approach in defining EU’s global role. He argued that today there are a number of persisting regional conflicts defining the global strategic map including the Palestinian issue, the problem of ‘nuclear Iran’ and the question of Russia as well as the rising number of failed states in the world and the global financial crisis. To deal with these challenges, the European Union is endowed with its own experience in drawing together national sovereignties to deal with persisting problems in its geographical space. To strengthen the European voice in the context of the global security map, it is essential, and a major challenge to all member-state governments that this process develops. Nevertheless, Europe’s “soft power” should not be confused with “talking power”, as it is often the case. In a rapidly changing world, hard choices need to be made. This, however, requires involving further the European public, informing it about challenges and opportunities and enhancing participation in dealing even with, possibly, inconvenient truths.

Coping with the Economic Crisis

Athens, 9 February 2009



Responding to the global financial crisis ELIAMEP and the Foundation for Economic and Industrial Research (IOBE), organised a round table discussion where the causes, the effects and the possible solutions were discussed by a number of distinguished speakers. The discussion included analysis of the particular conditions facing Greece and a common point of reference between the speakers was the admission that to deal with the crisis structural policies should be coordinated, if necessary, on the international level, and the system adapted to deal more efficiently with possible crises in the future or to avoid them on the whole.

National & International Security & Regional Developments

These areas have been at the core of ELIAMEP's research and activities since its establishment. Based on the premise that national, regional and international security are closely connected, this research area covers a wide range of geographic and thematic topics. Greek foreign and security policy and Greece's role in the European security architecture and the Mediterranean are priorities at the centre of this research cluster. The Cyprus issue and Greek-Turkish relations in view of Turkey's EU vocation and the consequent changes in its society, politics and foreign policy constitute the fundamental pillars of this research area. Furthermore, ELIAMEP explores a number of thematic and functional issues. Good governance, energy security, and asymmetric threats, such as international terrorism, the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, or transnational criminal networks, are studied in terms of the new challenges these pose for the security sector. In parallel, ELIAMEP's projects address political and security developments as well as regional cooperation in Southeastern Europe, the future of the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership (EMP), and other initiatives, such as the new European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP), NATO's Mediterranean Dialogue (MD) and the Istanbul Cooperation Initiative (ICI) as well as the Black Sea Economic Cooperation (BSEC). Activities include expert meetings, workshops and conferences, conflict resolution and training seminars, working and policy papers and cooperation among networks of institutes.

For further information see <http://www.eliamep.gr/en/category/security/>





Research Projects

Initiative for Peacebuilding (IfP)

Launched in 2007, this project draws together the complementary geographic and thematic expertise of 10 distinguished European civil society organisations with the aim of developing and harnessing international knowledge and expertise in the field of conflict prevention and peace-building in order to facilitate better informed and more evidence-based decision making. ELIAMEP participates in this endeavour since its beginning, focusing primarily on research concerning capacity-building and training in peacebuilding activities and policies, as well as issues related to Security Sector Reform.



Publications

Security Sector Reform in Albania, *Enika Abazi, Aldo Bumci, Enri Hide & Albert Rakipi, Initiative for Peacebuilding 2009*

This report was prepared as part of the IfP's Security Cluster by the Albanian Institute for International Studies in collaboration with ELIAMEP. The report discusses Albania's security challenges and assesses projects undertaken in the context of its SSR: democratization of the police, armed forces and justice system; combating organized crime, illicit traffic and terrorism; mine action projects; small arms and light weapons control; community policing.

Events

Greek Development Cooperation Policy

Athens, 23 April 2009

On this ELIAMEP Research Seminar Ruby Gropas presented the country case study she prepared in the framework of IfP's Capacity Building Cluster, entitled "Ten Years of Greek Development Cooperation Policy and Peacebuilding: Challenges and Prospects". The event was hosted at ELIAMEP as part of the ELIAMEP Research Seminars series and attended by PhD researchers, journalists, migration and EU experts. The seminar concentrated on the evolution of Greek Overseas Development Assistance over the last decade, but also referred to some comparative findings with the case of Spain, Portugal, Bulgaria, Slovenia, Czech Republic and Poland. The discussion that followed focused on the challenges facing EU member states that are gradually changing from receivers to donors of ODA, the effects of the current financial crisis on ODA as well as on the concepts of peacebuilding, human security, development cooperation and humanitarian assistance.

Security Sector Reform: Challenges and Priorities for Albania

Tirana, 1 April 2009

This workshop was organized by ELIAMEP, in cooperation with the Albanian Institute for International Studies (AIIS), in the framework of the Initiative for Peacebuilding (IfP). The workshop was held in Tirana and focused on current challenges and priorities for SSR. It was attended by politicians, SSR experts and academics who were brought together to discuss and examine in more detail challenges faced in this field by Southeast Europe and particularly Albania, as well as related EU priorities.

Successful Security Policy Transfer - How and When?

This new research project was launched in September 2009 by Dr. Sappho Xenakis, who will be hosted at ELIAMEP for the next two years in the framework of an EU-funded Marie Curie Intra-European Fellowship. In international politics today, few policy areas are as pressing as the transfer of approaches to both terrorism and organised crime from states that have more to those who have less developed policies in these areas. Although the demand for policy transfer (best practices and normative shifts) amongst officials and law enforcement professionals has grown all the louder globally since September 11th 2001, little substantive research has been carried out to account for the extent to which security policy transfer is, or has been, effective. This project seeks to assess the comparative strengths of EU, British and US efforts to transfer policy to Greece on terrorism and organised crime. Taking a long historical perspective, the study aims to explore the facilitators and obstacles of security policy transfer and examine more closely commonly-held presumptions about each. A number of expert interviews have been undertaken during the first eight months of the project, as well as several theoretical and historical investigations: of the normative conditions for policy transfer in Greece; the relationship between organised crime and terrorism in contemporary Greece; international policy harmonisation on organised crime and the international measurement of organised crime trends; international comparative analyses of theories of the correlates of corruption, and trends of crime and punishment in contemporary Greece.



Publications

Papers stemming from the research are currently being prepared for publication and some are under review at international refereed journals. Details will be available at: <http://www.eliamep.gr/en/successful-security-policy-transfer-how-and-when/>.

Events

Typologies, perceptions indices, and bias, in comparative corruption analysis

Athens, 28 January 2010

Sappho Xenakis was invited to give this lecture to the postgraduate Criminology seminar series 'New Forms of Criminality and their Confrontation' of the Department of Sociology at Panteion University in Athens.

Pride and prejudice: A critique of comparative corruption analysis

Leicester, 16 December 2009

Sappho Xenakis presented this paper at the annual conference of the British International Studies Association.

The progressive potential of normative hybridity: Revaluating Balkanist resistance in contemporary Greece

Vancouver, 17 October 2009

Sappho Xenakis presented this paper at the 21st international symposium of the Modern Greek Studies Association, held at Simon Frazer University.

Security policy transfer and the Greek experience,

Athens, 28 September 2009

As part of ELIAMEP's regular research seminar series, Sappho Xenakis presented a synopsis of the research project.



Related publications

Modern Greece: a history since 1821

John S. Koliopoulos, Thanos M. Veremis, Wiley - Blackwell, 2009

This book provides an in-depth narrative history of modern Greece by two leading authorities. The authors bring together their knowledge of primary Greek sources and their first hand experience of Greek culture to explore the political, economic, social, and cultural history of this fascinating country from 'within'. "Modern Greece" traces the history of Greece from the creation of the Greek state in 1821 and early conflicts over former Ottoman lands, through to Greece's instability between the wars, and as a battleground between the Allied forces and Axis powers in WWII. The authors pay particular attention to contemporary events, including the return to democracy in 1974 and the profound economic and social changes which have arisen as a result of EU membership. Incorporating the latest Greek scholarship on the subject, this book provides a pioneering survey and brings the story of modern Greece up-to-date.



The Greek energy security policy: Greek views in the EU context and required actions to secure supply

Filippos Proedrou, ELIAMEP Working Paper 04, 2009

ELIAMEP's Working Paper No. 4 by Dr. Filippos Proedrou, Lecturer of Politics and International Relations at City College, Thessaloniki, aims to examine the Greek policy of energy security. The analysis is divided into two parts: the practical and the normative. After analyzing the main problems of energy security at the European level, the paper presents the Greek "dual policy" of, on the one hand, promoting a strategic relationship with its main energy supplier, Russia, through the construction of the Burgas-Alexandroupolis and South Stream pipelines, and on the other, attempting to diversify its sources of supply. At the normative level, disagreements inside the European Union are examined, with reference to the rules which will regulate the natural gas trade in the wider European region. On this matter, Greece would support arrangements which will allow the unconstrained flow of Russian gas in the European and Greek markets, as this is of crucial importance in the national energy security planning.

Cyprus: five months of anxiety and hope ahead

Costa Carras, ELIAMEP Thesis 6/2009, October 2009

In this issue of ELIAMEP Thesis, Mr. Costas Carras, Greek Coordinator of the Greek Turkish Forum, provides seven reasons why the chances for a settlement of the Cyprus problem are higher over the next five months than at any time since 1974. It also however points to some of the most serious remaining difficulties which might easily prevent the successful negotiation of such a settlement. There are also hints at ways in which the most critical international issues might be resolved. The security concerns on both sides remain one of the most fundamental obstacles that need to be addressed. On the other hand it is a positive occasion that the leaders from both sides come from the left - least nationalist - wing stream and have been elected with a clear mandate to seek a settlement. The fear of failure can, paradoxically, act as a driving force to a commonly accepted resolution while the indirect input of the UN and the EU, especially, can function positively to the benefit of the maintenance of the EU acquis and international legality.

Cyprus

Pavlos Apostolidis, ELIAMEP Thesis 5/2009, July 2009

This issue of ELIAMEP Thesis, written by Amb. a.h. Pavlos Apostolidis, special advisor at ELIAMEP, purported to highlight the Cyprus issue, as intercommunal talks were moving to a deciding stage towards the end of 2009. In this paper, Amb. Apostolidis examines its complexities and the past failures in solving it, notwithstanding the considerable personal commitment of successive UN Secretaries - General. The adverse effects of the continuation of the present de facto partition are also examined. Finally, the paper outlines its repercussions on the accession negotiations of Turkey, in view of the progress report that was to be submitted by the European Commission to the Council of Ministers in the autumn.

The Current Macedonian Issue between Athens and Skopje: Is there an Option for a Breakthrough?

Evangelos Kofos, ELIAMEP Thesis 3/2009, 2009

In ELIAMEP Thesis 3/2009 Evangelos Kofos, senior advisor for the Balkans at ELIAMEP, analyses the 16-year old Balkan diplomatic imbroglio over the name issue of “the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia” (FYROM). The paper wants to initiate a discourse with the assessments and proposals of a recent report of the International Crisis Group, Macedonia’s Name: Breaking the Deadlock. In addition, the author attempts to clarify current Greek positions and concerns vis-a-vis the various proposals on the state name submitted by UN mediator Matthew Nimetz. Finally, Evangelos Kofos submits a comprehensive proposal for dealing, in an international environment, with sensitive issues as those affecting personal, state, regional and cultural identities.





Related events

10 years from Helsinki: prospects for Greek-Turkish relations

Athens, 16 December 2009



This round-table discussion was organized by ELIAMEP on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of the signing of the Helsinki Accord. The discussion focused on the developments that have taken place over the last decade, while placing emphasis on Turkey’s domestic issues as well as the current position of the country towards the European Union. Finally several suggestions were discussed with respect to Greek policy vis-à-vis Turkey today and in the future.

Turkey in Europe: breaking the vicious circle

Athens, 2 December 2008



This event was organized to present the second report of the Independent Commission on Turkey entitled “Turkey in Europe: breaking the vicious circle”. One of the most frequently discussed questions is whether Turkey’s EU membership will be an asset or an unbearable burden for the EU. The main conclusion of the Report of the Independent Commission on Turkey, presented in Athens by its Chairman, Mr. Marti Ahtisaari, Former President of Finland, Nobel Peace Prize Laureate 2008, Ms. Emma Bonino, Vice President of the Senate of Italy and former European Commissioner and Mr. Albert Rohan, Former Secretary-General for Foreign Affairs of Austria, was that “Negative statements by some European leaders, efforts to substitute alternative arrangements to accession as the agreed objective and obstacles put in the way of the negotiations have all but derailed the process.

Recent elections in Iran: a personal testimony

Athens, 13 July 2009



This lecture, organized by ELIAMEP in the auditorium of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, was delivered by Mr. Jason Athanasiadis, reporter and photographer of the Washington Times, who had been recently released from Tehran prison, after having been arrested by the Iranian police on allegations of espionage. Jason Athanasiadis delivered to the audience his personal testimony of the events before and after the last Iranian elections and gave a vivid description of his adventure.

Defence, Security, Energy and Civil Aviation in SE Europe and the Middle East
Athens, 22 May 2009



In the framework of Athens International 2009, ELIAMEP, the Andreas Papandreou Institute of Strategic and Development Studies (ISTAME) and the Constantinou Karamanlis Institute for Democracy co-organised a conference on “Defence, Security, Energy and Civil Aviation in SE Europe and the Middle East”. Panels included discussions on national economy, defence, energy issues, economic diplomacy and cooperation in SE Europe.

China’s Climate Change and Opportunities for US-China Cooperation
Athens, 14 May 2009



On 14 May ELIAMEP organised a discussion with Dr. Joanna Lewis, Assistant Professor of Science, Technology and International Affairs at Georgetown University, focusing on the question of China’s role in battling climate change and the opportunities present in its relations with the USA. According to Dr. Lewis, China has since 2007 surpassed the USA in carbon emissions, accounting for 24% of global emissions. Interestingly, 2004 predictions forecasted that this would not take place until 2030, demonstrating the huge margin of error and the lack of credible information stemming from inside China. Fact is, however, that the USA has been the largest historic emitter, while, based on 2005 calculations, it remains first on per capita emissions. As both countries account today for 45% of global emissions it is more that evident that there is a vested interest in bilateral cooperation between them on these issues.

Croatia’s relations with its neighbouring countries
Athens, 14 May 2009



On the same day ELIAMEP also organised a discussion with Mr. Davor Vidis, Director of Neighbouring Countries and South Eastern Europe at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Croatia on Croatia’s relations with its neighbouring countries. 2009 marked the 18th birthday of the modern Croatian state. Today the country is a candidate state for accession to the EU and currently serves as a non-permanent member of the Security Council. Emerging from the civil war of Yugoslavia in the early 1990s and the challenges thereafter, Croatia is following today a forward looking strategy of stability and reconciliation based on a three-fold axis: creating a stable democracy based on a series of internal reforms, establishing good relations with the neighbouring countries by solving bilateral problems and identifying points of cooperation and finally assuming an active role in the region and in the world.

Mediterranean Meetings 2009: Workshop on Political parties and public policies in Southern Europe (with an emphasis on Greece and Turkey)

Florence and Montecatini Terme, 25-29 March 2009

ELIAMEP and the Center for European Studies of the Middle East Technical University (METU) in Ankara, participated in the Mediterranean Meetings 2009. The meetings included parallel seminars under the auspices of the European University Institute, Florence. ELIAMEP co-organized a workshop on “Political parties and public policies in Southern Europe (with an emphasis on Greece and Turkey)”. At this meeting, 12 announcements were made by Greek and Turkish researchers, political scientists and experts on comparative political analysis, public policies and political parties.

Russia-EU Relations: towards a strategic partnership?

Athens, 6 March 2009



On 6 March ELIAMEP organized a lecture, delivered by Ambassador Vladimir Chizhov, Permanent Representative of Russia to the European Union. Ambassador Chizhov elaborated on the significance of the strategic relationship between Russia and the EU, by analyzing current and future challenges that this relationship may face in the light of the financial crisis and energy security especially.

Migration

For almost a decade now, ELIAMEP has been actively contributing to the Europe-wide debates and efforts to provide policy responses addressing the social and political challenges posed by migration within our rapidly changing European societies.

For further information see www.eliamep.gr/en/category/migration





Research Projects

Irregular Migration



In November 2009, ELIAMEP completed the [CLANDESTINO research project](#) on irregular migration. [A full, up to date database](#) (including both data and estimates) on irregular migration in EU27, as well as 12 in-depth case studies on EU countries (Austria, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, The Netherlands, Poland, Spain, Slovak Republic and the UK) and 3 EU neighbouring countries (Morocco, Turkey and Ukraine) which are important transit zones for irregular migrants, are now available from the project website. A book on [Irregular Migration in Europe](#) has been published by Ashgate in April 2010.



From December 2009, the ELIAMEP migration research team is also participating in the project [FRIM](#), a European study of irregular migrants and their access to fundamental rights. The study covers all 27 EU member states and a wide range of issues including working and living conditions, access to education, health services, and housing.

Integration and Multiculturalism



European societies are characterised by growing ethnic and cultural diversity as a result of immigration. In 2009 ELIAMEP completed the [EMILIE research project](#), which investigated the challenges that migration-related cultural and religious diversity raise in nine EU countries. The EMILIE project has produced three sets of policy papers addressing specific policy fields, notably: [multicultural education](#); [labour market and anti-discrimination policies](#); and [political participation and representation of immigrant populations](#) in Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Latvia, Poland, Spain and the UK. Four [European policy briefs](#) on these topics have also been published and a comparative volume is currently in preparation to be published in 2011. In connection to the EMILIE project research work, Prof. Anna Triandafyllidou, head of the ELIAMEP migration research team has edited a volume on *Muslims in 21st Century Europe: Structural and Cultural Perspectives*, published by London: Routledge in March 2010.

Migration Policy

The Foundation's research on contemporary international migration has also focused on the governance of international migration and migration policy issues. In July 2009, the ELIAMEP migration team also concluded its work on the IDEA research project which looked at migration trends and policies in southern and central eastern European countries.

The ELIAMEP [IDEA](#) research team has studied in depth several migrant groups that have to this date been relatively under-researched in the Greek context. In particular, research has concentrated on two types of migrant populations. First, immigrant populations that are currently EU citizens and second, numerically important migrant groups, from Eastern Europe (Georgians and Ukrainians) and Asia (Pakistanis and Bangladeshis).

The research conducted by the ELIAMEP IDEA Team will soon appear in Greek, in a book entitled *Migration in 21st century Greece*, published by Kritiki publishers in Athens, in May 2010. A second volume comparatively analyzing Greece, Italy, Portugal and Spain (to be published by Amsterdam University Press) is currently in preparation.

The logo for the IDEA research project, featuring the word "IDEA" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font. The letter "I" is stylized with a downward-pointing triangle at its base. The logo is positioned vertically on the right side of the page, set against a light gray rectangular background.

Related Publications

Books

Migration in the united Europe (in Greek)

Triandafyllidou, A. and Gropas, R. (eds.), Kritiki, 2009

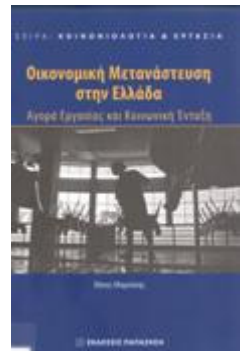
This innovative volume provides a comprehensive overview of the immigration situation in 25 EU countries. Each chapter is written by a national expert and follows a common structure, allowing direct comparisons to be made between countries. Chapters provide a clear focus in terms of the methods used, data collected, literature reviewed and research questions addressed, and draw on hard-to-obtain material, including sources not previously published in English.



Economic migration in Greece: labour market and social inclusion (in Greek)

Thanos Maroukis, Papazisis, 2009

The study of the labour supply and demand of economic migrants from Albania that this book tackles with highlights the significance of social sciences in the analysis of concepts, such as the labour market, that are often treated as a field of the economic science. The first part of the book discusses the theoretical framework for the understanding of the driving forces of the post-industrial economy at the dawn of the 21st century. Through an analysis of the empirical findings of the research on Albanian migrants, the second part builds the social context in which the skills and the work arrangements of the migrants are (re)produced. Maybe it's time to look back at the low status jobs in order to see more clearly how the society pulls the strings of the labour market. The call of this book is important for researchers and students who are engaged in labour market and migration issues. But also for the wider readership that observes the ways Greek society and politics resist to the “creative destruction” of its economy.



Special Issues

- **Migration Management and Control Policies in Southern Europe: Laws, Processes and Outcomes**, Gonzalez Enriquez Carmen and Triandafyllidou Anna (guest editors), *Themed Issue, European Journal of Migration and Law*, 11, 2, Summer 2009

Other Publications

- **Immigration to Greece**, Triandafyllidou, A., in Uma A. Segal, Nazneen S. Mayadas, and Doreen Elliott (eds), *Immigration worldwide*, New York, NY: Oxford University Press, 2009
- **Ethical Issues in Irregular Migration Research in Europe**, Triandafyllidou, A. (with F. Düvell and B. Vollmer), *Population, Space and Place* (in press), 2009

- **The Impact of the Recent Global Economic Crisis on Migration. Preliminary Insights from the Southeastern Borders of the EU (Greece),** Triandafyllidou, A. (with Daria Lazarescu), *Report prepared for the CARIM Project, available at www.carim.org, Athens, August 2009*
- **Políticas de control en Europa del Sur. ¿Una tarea de Sisifo?,** Triandafyllidou, A., *Recorridos Migratorios, vol. 2, September 2009, available at: www.estudiosmigratorios.com.ar (in Spanish)*
- **Greek Immigration Policy at the Turn of the 21st Century. Lack of Political Will or Purposeful Mismanagement?,** Triandafyllidou, A., *European Journal of Migration and Law, 11, 2, 159-178, 2009*
- **Introduction: Comparing the new hosts of Southern Europe,** Triandafyllidou, A. (with C. Gonzalez Enriquez), *European Journal of Migration and Law, 11, 2, 139-158, 2009*
- **Migrants and Ethnic Minorities in Post Communist Europe: Negotiating Diasporic Identity,** Triandafyllidou A., *Ethnicities, 9, 2, 226-245, 2009*
- **Constructing Difference: The Mosque Debates in Greece,** Gropas R. (with Triandafyllidou A.), *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies, 35, 6, 957-977, 2009*
- **The Mohammed Cartoons Crisis in the British and Greek Press. A European Matter?,** Triandafyllidou A., *Journalism Studies, 10, 1, 36-54, 2009*
- **Informal Domestic Labour and Migration: opportunity towards a different approach on the labour market,** Maroukis Th., *Social Cohesion and Development, vol.4, n.1, pp: 95-108, 2009*

Policy-related publications

- **EU Migration and Asylum Policies,** Triandafyllidou, A., in O. Cramme, *Rescuing the European Project: EU legitimacy, governance and security, London: Policy Network, pp. 123-135, 2009*
- **Managing Migration in the EU: Mobility Partnership and the European Neighbourhood,** Triandafyllidou, A., *ELIAMEP Thesis 1/2009, 2009*

IDEA Project Working Papers

- **Polish Migrants in Greece,** Michaela Marouf, 2009
- **Romanian Migration in Greece,** Daria Lazarescu, 2009



Related events

Undocumented and irregular migration: policy developments, data and social implications

Brussels, 13 November 2009

Although not a recent phenomenon, regular and irregular migration remains a major challenge for the European Union as it affects its political, socio-economic and cultural processes in profound ways. The objective of this workshop, organized jointly by the European Commission, ELIAMEP and the Platform of International Cooperation for Undocumented Migrants (PICUM) in Brussels has been to present the main results of two innovative projects funded by the European Commission (6th Framework Programme, Socio-Economic Sciences and Humanities) - CLANDESTINO "Undocumented migration: counting the uncountable, data and trends across Europe" (<http://clandestino.eliamep.gr/>), coordinated by Anna Triandafyllidou of ELIAMEP (GR) and UWT "Undocumented Worker Transition" (<http://www.undocumentedmigrants.eu/>) coordinated by Sonia McKay of the London Metropolitan University (UK) - to the policy community based in Brussels. In particular the workshop aimed at presenting the new database on irregular migration created by the CLANDESTINO research projects, which provides an inventory of data and estimates on irregular migration in 12 EU countries and some border countries, up to 2008.

The US Immigration System

Athens, 29 September 2009



ELIAMEP organized a lecture delivered by Robert Divine, former first Chief Counsel of United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS, 2004-2006) and Chairperson of Immigration Group of Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell, & Berkowitz, P.C., with over 500 immigration lawyers across the United States on the Strengths and Weaknesses of the US Immigration System. The discussion that followed was chaired by Prof. Anna Triandafyllidou, Senior Fellow, ELIAMEP. Mr. Divine offered a concise overview of the US immigration policy as it has developed since the beginning of the 20th century. For more see <http://www.eliamep.gr/en/transatlantic-relations/events-transatlantic-relations/strengths-and-weaknesses-of-the-us-immigration-system/#more-1778>.

Migration and Diversity Challenges in Europe: Theoretical and Policy Responses

Berlin, 24-25 September 2009

The EMILIE Project's **Final Conferences** presented new findings in three policy areas: **Education, Discrimination and Political Participation** of Migrant Groups on 24 and 25 September 2009 in Berlin, Germany. The EMILIE partners and selected academics discussed the main conceptual and empirical findings of the project on [24 September 2009](#) during an [Academic Workshop](#). The project's theoretical, comparative and empirical findings will be published in 2010 as a book.

The key policy-related findings of the project were presented and commented upon by European policy experts on [25 September 2009](#) at the Public Conference that was hosted at the Berlin House of World Cultures.

Policy Briefs on all nine EU member states have been published in English and the national languages. Three comparative policy area briefs and an overall comparative policy paper bringing together the findings of the national case studies in the areas of Education, Discrimination in the Labour Market and Political Participation were presented at the Conferences and are available from the project website: <http://emilie.eliamep.gr/>.

Migration Policy in Greece

Athens, 22 September 2009



ELIAMEP organised a lecture delivered by the Secretary General for Public Order, Ambassador Constantinos Bitsios, on the question of migration policy in Greece. The question of irregular migration has surfaced as a highly important political issue with strong economic and social implications for Greece. Ambassador Constantine Bitsios, Secretary General for Public Order in the Ministry of Interior, provided an overview of certain basic problems Greece faces in managing and controlling migration flows, focusing on the country's eastern entry points. To deal with the issue of irregular migration, Greek migration policy is concentrated mainly on two axes. On the national level there is a conscious effort to increase the percentages of voluntary returns by immigrants who have been illegally residing in the country. In parallel there are structured attempts to prevent more migrants from entering illegally in the country. To succeed in this second goal - that is preventing the illegal entry - good cooperation between Greece and Turkey is a prerequisite, an issue of frequent dispute between the two countries. On the whole, Greece wishes to render the question of irregular migration as a matter dealt with on the European level with common policies adopted by the member states. The need for a comprehensive approach to the issue of irregular migration on the national level in Greece was underlined, including not only an improved management of migration flows (regular or irregular) but also the inclusion of migrant population already residing in the country.

Leave your myth in Greece - Networks and Pathways of Seven Important Immigrant Groups in Greece

Athens, 10 June 2009



[This workshop](#) was organized under the aegis of the European research project IDEA and aimed to bring together NGOs, local authorities, policy makers, researchers and journalists. Five original studies referring to seven immigrant groups residing in Greece were presented in the workshop. The three first groups that were discussed were the Poles, the Bulgarian and the Romanian citizens living in the country - the three communities that are now European citizens and are no longer economic migrants, or at least not officially. The second part of the workshop focused on the study of the four largest migratory populations in Greece (after Albanians) from third countries. The first cases that were discussed were those of Ukrainian and Georgian citizens. Finally, several new issues were put forward that are in fact much discussed during the last few weeks with regard to two smaller immigrant groups, the Pakistanis and the Bangladeshis.

**CLANDESTINO research project:
Workshop on Irregular Migration and
Informal Economy**

Athens, 27 April 2009



A topical question that has arisen during the last months is whether and how irregular migration stocks and flows are affected by the current economic crisis. The current economic and financial crisis is probably yet to reach its highest peak, however a stagnation of economic activity and rising unemployment have been felt by several countries all over the world. The overall negative climate clearly affects both migrant and native workers. These were some of the thoughts with which Prof. Anna Triandafyllidou, coordinator of the Clandestino Research Project, introduced the **Roundtable on Irregular Migration and the Global Economic Crisis** organized within the framework of the CLANDESTINO research project. Although the CLANDESTINO workshop and roundtable has raised more questions than it could provide answers it did reach some important conclusions that are of relevance for policy makers and civil society actors including analysis on pattern of migrants' return to the country of origin, the effects of the financial crisis on migration flows as well as analysis on policy developments that have been adopted in different countries to control migration.



Online Dialogue

ELIAMEP's migration team continued to disseminate research findings and policy recommendations and to engage in an interactive dialogue with representatives of the migrant civil society in Greece and the academic community through ELIAMEP's blog. Challenges facing second generation migrants, multiculturalism, citizenship policies, the effects of migration on the economy and irregular migration were some of the themes debated.

For more information see <http://blogs.eliamep.gr> and <http://blogs.eliamep.gr/en/>

EVENTS & TRAINING PROGRAMMES

Halki International Seminars 2009

Current & Emerging Security Challenges in Southeastern Europe, the Black Sea, the Mediterranean & the Middle East: The Role of the International Community & Transatlantic Institutions in Conflict Management

Halki-Greece, 17-21 June 2009

The 2009 Halki International Seminars, which celebrated their 20th anniversary, focused on the role of the transatlantic institutions in helping local stakeholders address security challenges in the Middle East, the Black Sea and Southeastern Europe. It is a remark of general acceptance that this year's group was one of the strongest in recent years, as well as one of the most populous comprised of 75 participants.

The first session of the first day, entitled "Global politics on the dawn of the 21st century: trends, challenges, problems and prospects" started dynamically by mapping the future trends and challenges that are expected to arise in the short-term future. Among others, speakers raised the dilemmas between multipolarity and multilateralism that we are likely to face as new emerging powers are shifting the axis of power from the West where it has been traditionally located and global challenges like energy and climate change are becoming all the more pressing.



The second session focused on the issue of "Overcoming last obstacles in the normalization of the Balkans: Bosnia-Herzegovina and Kosovo" where the idea that the international community should gradually withdraw from the region was widely disputed. During the last session of the day the focus was on the current state of affairs in US-EU-Turkey relations focusing on the impact President Obama's policy is likely to have on defining the relationship between the

three actors as well as Turkey's unilateral role in the region.

On the second day the morning session concentrated on the current situation and prospects for the resolution of the "frozen conflicts" in the Black Sea region, raising the question of NATO expansion as well as the Russian-Georgian relationship following the "August War" of 2008. The next two meetings evaluated the present and future of the European Neighbourhood policy, the Barcelona Process and the Union for the Mediterranean Initiative while the final session of the day examined the current situation and prospects for the resolution of regional conflicts in the Eastern Mediterranean, with a focus on the Israel-Palestinian conflict. The two-state solution was put forward as the only feasible option, despite difficulties and long delays, while the opposite opinion - that the two-state solution will never be applicable in the present context - was also a matter of contest.

The Seminar was organized by the Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) in cooperation with the Balkan Trust for Democracy in Belgrade and supported by the German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMFUS) in Washington D.C., the Hellenic Aid of the Greek Ministry of Foreign Affairs, OTE S.A., the General Secretariat for Youth in Athens, the Embassy of the United States in Athens, the French Institute of Athens, the European Fund for the Balkans in Belgrade, the Dodecanese Prefecture in Rhodes and the Region of South Aegean in Syros.



European Seminars 2009



The Delphic Oracle on Europe: Politics and Policies

Delphi, 25-28 June 2009

In the framework of its European Seminars, the Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) organized an international high-level conference entitled “The Delphic Oracle on Europe: Politics and Policies“. In the course of the conference a group of around 40 leading academics, practitioners, think tankers and journalists analysed and evaluated the outcome of the 2009 European elections and debated the redefinition of economic governance in the EU in light of the current global crisis, Europe’s global role in a rapidly changing international environment, the perspectives for a “Green Europe”, and the future of the Lisbon Treaty. The conference took place between 25-28 June 2009, in Delphi, Greece.



The list of participants included among others: Josep Borrell Fontelles, Member of the European Parliament, PSE, Brussels; Dieter Helm, Professor of Energy Policy, University of Oxford; Zaki Laïdi, Professor at Sciences Po, Paris; Roger Liddle, Vice-Chair, Policy Network, London; Yves Mény, European University Institute (EUI), Florence; Pier Carlo Padoan, Deputy Secretary-General, OECD, Paris; André Sapir, European Centre for Advanced Research in Economics and Statistics, Université Libre de Bruxelles; Richard Sinnott, Professor of Political Science, University College Dublin; Jolyon Howorth, Jean Monnet Professor of European Politics at the University of Bath; Michael Stürmer, Chief Correspondent, Die Welt, Berlin; Paal Frisvold, Chairman of the Board, Bellona Europa, Brussels; Loukas Tsoukalis, President of ELIAMEP, Athens.

The conference was supported by the European Commission, DG Education and Culture, Jean Monnet Programme, and the National Bank of Greece.



PUBLICATIONS

Publications play a major role in the Foundation's work as more than 170 studies, seminar and conference proceedings, working papers and monographs (in Greek and English) have been published since 1988. Additionally, the Foundation's work includes a number of books published by ELIAMEP or jointly with other publishers, as well as three series of studies and monographs known as Policy Papers, Working Papers (former Occasional Papers and Postgraduate Notes) and ELIAMEP Thesis, all referring to contemporary international issues.

ELIAMEP Thesis

In May 2008 ELIAMEP launched a new publication series, ELIAMEP Thesis. This new series covers topical issues related to EU integration, Europe's role in global affairs and important developments in international affairs. ELIAMEP Thesis is published several times a year and its length does not exceed five to seven pages. This new series complements ELIAMEP's Policy Papers and aims at producing short and timely pieces of analysis and recommendations on topical issues and current developments.

In 2009 the following seven issues were published:

- "The EU, Turkey and Cyprus: what next?", Andreas Theophanous, ELIAMEP Thesis 7/2009, (in English)
- "Cyprus: five months of anxiety and hope ahead", Costa Carras, ELIAMEP Thesis 6/2009, (in English)
- "Cyprus", Pavlos Apostolidis, ELIAMEP Thesis 5/2009, (in English)
- "The European Union and its Neighbourhood: Time for a Rethink", Helen Wallace, ELIAMEP Thesis 4/2009, (in English)
- "The Current Macedonian Issue between Athens and Skopje: Is there an Option for a Breakthrough?", Evangelos Kofos, ELIAMEP Thesis 3/2009, (in English)
- "Falling Behind Again? Southeast Europe and the Global Crisis", Jens Bastian, ELIAMEP Thesis 2/2009, (in English)
- "Attempting the Impossible? The Prospects and Limits of Mobility Partnerships and Circular Migration", Anna Triandafyllidou, ELIAMEP Thesis 1/2009, (in English)

Working Papers

- “The Greek energy security policy: Greek views in the EU context and required actions to secure supply”, Filippou Proedrou, ELIAMEP, WP04, 2009, (in Greek)

Other publications

- **Rescuing the European project: EU legitimacy, governance and security**, *Olaf Cramme (Ed.)*, Policy Network-ELIAMEP-LSE, 2009
- **After the crisis: A new socio-economic settlement for the EU**, *Roger Liddle (Ed.)*, Policy Network-ELIAMEP-LSE, 2009
- **The EU in a world in transition: Fit for what purpose**, *Loukas Tsoukalis (Ed.)*, Policy Network-ELIAMEP-LSE, 2009
- “An EU ‘fit for purpose’ in the global age - Can we rise to the challenge?” - Synthesis Paper, *Loukas Tsoukalis - Olaf Cramme - Roger Liddle*, Policy Network-ELIAMEP-LSE, 2009

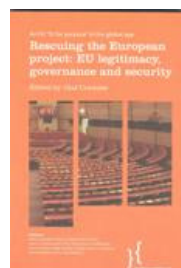
Books

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“The EU in a world in transition: Fit for what purpose?”, Loukas Tsoukalis (ed.), Policy network - ELIAMEP, 2009 (in English)

“After the crisis: A new socio-economic settlement for the EU”, Roger Liddle (ed.), Policy network - ELIAMEP - LSE, 2009 (in English)

“Rescuing the European project: EU legitimacy, governance and security”, Olaf Cramme, Policy network - ELIAMEP - LSE, 2009 (in English)



Publications by ELIAMEP’s Researchers

“Migration in the European Union”, Anna Triantafyllidou, Ruby Gropas (eds.), Kritiki, 2009

“And what if we came out of our shell”, Loukas Tsoukalis, Papazisis, 2009

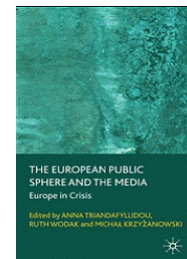
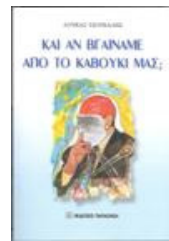
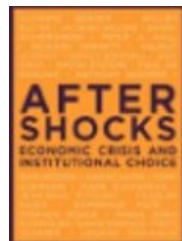
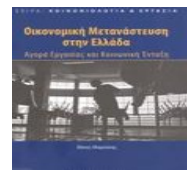
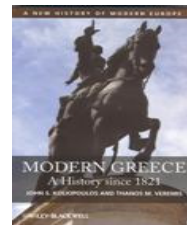
“The European public sphere and the media: Europe in crisis”, Anna Triantafyllidou, Ruth Wodak and Michał Krzyzanowski (eds.), Palgrave, 2009

“From “I” to “We”: foreign policy in the era of the European Union and globalization”, Alexandros Yiannis, foreword by Theodoros Couloumbis, Papazisis, 2009

“Modern Greece: a history since 1821”, John S. Koliopoulos, Thanos M. Veremis, Willey - Blackwell, 2009

“A new European Contract” Loukas Tsoukalis in “Aftershocks: economic crisis and institutional choice”, Anton Hemerijck, Ben Knapen, Ellen van Doorne (eds.), Amsterdam University Press, 2009

“Economic migration in Greece: labour market and social inclusion” Thanos Maroukis, Papazisis, 2009



Journal of Southeast European and Black Sea Studies



During 2009 we had the opportunity to enrich and expand the interdisciplinary scope of the *Journal of Southeast European and Black Sea Studies* further and to significantly widen our subscription and readership base. Currently in its tenth year of publication, the Journal has established itself as a core academic reference for the regions of the Black Sea and Southeast Europe. Regionalism in Southeast Europe, political economy of Greek-Turkish relations, politics and geopolitics of the status of Kosovo, gender aspects of migration, comparison of Russian and European neighbourhood policies, Black Sea security, migration and development in Albania and Kosovo were some of the issues explored in the Journal.

Moreover, two Special Issues were published. Dimitrios Triantaphyllou edited a Special Issue on “The Security Context in the Black Sea Region” (V9N3, September 2009) which includes critical assessments of the European Neighbourhood Policy and of the Russian policy while also focusing on specific issues such as the impact of Caucasus crisis on regional and European security. Russell King, Julie Vullnetari and Ilir Gedeshi edited a Special Issue entitled “Migration and development in Albania and Kosovo” (V9N4, December 2009) including a brief overview of the migration history of Albania and Kosovo, and migration’s contribution to development. The issue examined remittances, return migration and host- and home- country government responsibilities as well as the impact of the global economic crisis in mid-2008 on the region and its immigrants. Contributions focused on the determinants of emigration and its economic consequences based on evidence from Kosovo; the impact of migration on fertility in post-communist Albania; savings and remitting attitudes of Albanian emigrants; present economic practices, strategies of social inclusion and future plans for return among Albanian immigrants in a Greek-Albanian border town; and the impediments to migration in Albania and Moldova.

All articles published in the JSEEBSS undergo rigorous peer-review, and the Journal is included in the ISI Social Science Citation Index since 2007. Dr. Ruby Gropas was the managing editor of the Journal until October 2009. She was followed by Dr. Jens Bastian, research fellow specializing in Balkan economy.

Useful info about JSEEBSS: To submit a manuscript, contact:

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Managing Editor, JSEEBSS ELIAMEP,
49 Vas. Sofias Avenue
106 76 Athens, Greece
journal@eliamep.gr



LIBRARY

Information and Documentation Centre

One of ELIAMEP's primary goals over the years has been the creation of an information and documentation centre on European and international security, political and economic data. A specialised library was accordingly created as the basis of the documentation centre.

The library's collection includes scientific books and journals (printed and electronic form), offprints, booklets, CD-ROMs, DVDs, working papers, yearbooks, thematically directed in the cognitive field of social and political sciences. More specifically, its collection consists of approximately 7,000 titles of books and 45 titles of foreign and Greek journals, as well as an additional 360 titles of foreign and Greek journals acquired through the exchange of publications with corresponding institutions in Greece and abroad.

During 2009, ELIAMEP's library focused on the electronic cataloguing of its monographs according to the international bibliographic standards and the enlargement of its collection. It also continued to collaborate and exchange publications with other related Greek and foreign institutions. In addition, over 160 users including researchers, students and academic staff visited the library for research purposes.

ELIAMEP's library is a member of the EINIRAS Network (European Information Network on International Relations and Area Studies). In the framework of this partnership, ELIAMEP's tasks are focused on creating a multilingual political science thesaurus, updating the ELIAMEP publications database on the website of the International Security Network (ISN), placing part of ELIAMEP's library information base on the European Database Network and communicating with the EINIRAS Council for the coordination of future activities.

Funding



The main source of financing of the Library derives from the annual sponsoring of the Alexander S. Onassis Public Benefit Foundation which is used mainly for the enrichment of Library's collection with books, periodical publications, electronic resources of information as well as the Library's operational needs.

NETWORKS

Attributing great value to developing contacts with peer institutions throughout the world and engaging in cross-border debates and exchanges, ELIAMEP participates in a large number of institutional networks, including the Arab Reform Initiative (ARI); the Black Sea Research Network; the Euro-Mediterranean Study Commission (EuroMeSCo); the European Information Network on International Relations and Area Studies (EINIRAS); the European Policy Institute Network (EPIN); the Initiative for Peacebuilding (IfP); and the International Relations and Security Network (ISN). In 2009 the Foundation continued playing an active and constructive role in these networks, taking part in conferences, meetings and other initiatives organized within these frameworks.



PARTNERSHIPS

College of Europe

Hosting the Greek Selection Committee for the College of Europe, ELIAMEP provides Greek students with the opportunity to continue their studies in the Master's Programme of the College of Europe. The College of Europe is a centre of academic excellence offering five one-year programmes leading to a Master's degree



College of Europe
Collège d'Europe

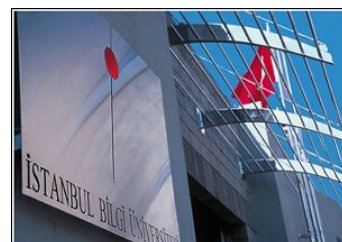


and operating in two campuses, in Bruges (Belgium) and Natolin (Poland): Politics/Administration, Law, Economics, and EU International Relations in Bruges, and an Inter-disciplinary programme in Natolin.

Istanbul Bilgi University

Hosting the respective Selection Committee, ELIAMEP also provides the channel for recruiting Greek students for the Master's Programme in International Relations with a concentration on Greek-Turkish Relations, offered at Istanbul Bilgi University.

The Master of Arts Programme in International Relations aims at combining a solid foundation in the discipline of International Relations, with an area of concentration on Greek-Turkish relations. The curriculum is designed to reflect these two principal objectives of the programme by enhancing the students' general knowledge of theory and practice of international relations and by enabling them to specialize in the politics and international relations of Greece and Turkey. The programme offers courses in the theory of international relations, foreign policy analysis, policy and politics in Greece and Turkey, and nationalism, from a comparative perspective. The two-year graduate programme is intended for future academics, diplomats, journalists and government officials, working or planning to work on different aspects of Turkish and Greek studies.



Istanbul Bilgi University's Turkish-Greek Studies Division, as well as the Master's Programme, is the only one of its kind, not only in Greece and Turkey, but internationally. Through a full schedule of activities and the

engagement of key figures in the field, the programme has already quickly become a point of reference for Greek- Turkish studies on both sides of the Aegean and beyond.

Building on the initial experience of a series of successful academic and policy-oriented events, the Programme aims at fostering institutional collaboration between the academic and policy communities of the two countries. Events organised with a view to contributing to the spirit of rapprochement that characterises the current state of bilateral relations comprise joint seminars, conferences, summer programmes, and exchange of students and scholars. Within this framework, the Programme hosted in 2008 the Former Prime Minister of Greece, Professor Costas Simitis, who gave a public lecture on “Democracy and Diversity in Europe”.

American & European Marshall Memorial Fellowship (MMF) Program 2009

ELIAMEP is the Coordinator of the Marshall Memorial Fellowship programme in Greece. The MMF programme aims at creating a network of young European and American leaders in an attempt to strengthen transatlantic relations. The German Marshall Fund (GMF) awards more than 100 Marshall Memorial Fellowships each year to leaders in politics, government, business, media, and the non-profit sector who travel and explore people, societies and institutions on the other side of the Atlantic. During their visits, American and European Fellows meet formally and informally with a range of policymakers and prominent members of the business, government, NGO, and media communities. The program is structured around the fellows’ professional interests and includes a number of group meetings with senior state and government officials, businesspersons, NGO leaders and members of local administration. Moreover, each fellow attends individual appointments according to his or her stated preferences.



In 2009, American MMF fellows visited Greece in two groups, in March and in October 2009. Meetings were organized, among others, with Mr. Evripidis Stylianidis, Minister of Transport & Communications, Mr. Nikos Efthymiadis, Honorary Chairman of the Business Advisory Council for SEE of the Stability Pact, representatives of the US Embassy and Consulate, Prof. Yannis Stournaras, Research Director at the Foundation for Economic and Industrial Research, and Dr. Costas Carras, President of the Hellenic Society for the Protection of the Environment and the Cultural Heritage. Outside formal meetings, an important aspect of the program is the organisation of cultural visits at the two cities. In Thessalonica this included visits to the traditional village of Nymphaio, the archaeological site at Vergina, the vineyard of vineyard of Yannis Boutaris in Yannakohori, major archaeological sites in the city of Thessalonica and the Jewish Museum, while in Athens to the Acropolis, the Ancient Agora and the New Acropolis Museum and the Museum of Cycladic Art.

Onassis Foundation Programme of Scholarships for Foreigners



Since 2001 ELIAMEP has been cooperating with the Alexander S. Onassis Public Benefit Foundation, within the framework of the Onassis Foundation Programme of Scholarships for Foreigners. In the context of the cooperation agreement between the two Foundations, Onassis Fellows use the Onassis workplaces at the ELIAMEP premises and have access to ELIAMEP's library.

ngo.gr

With the cooperation of a team of NGOs and Foundations, including ELIAMEP, the website ngo.gr was created in order to give to any NGO that so wishes the opportunity to search for and locate other NGOs with the same or similar aspirations with the aim of developing one-off or long-term cooperation relationships.





ELIAMEP in the Press

One of ELIAMEP's main objectives is to raise public awareness on issues related to European and foreign policy and international affairs. In this context, ELIAMEP academic and research staff has a continuous and dynamic presence in Greek and foreign media, which becomes more intense year after year.

In 2009, a significant number of articles written by ELIAMEP researchers and associates were published in well known, widely circulated Greek newspapers, including *Kathimerini*, *Eleftherotypia*, *Ta Nea*, but also in the international press, such as *The Financial Times*, *the International Herald Tribune* and the online magazine *RealClearWorld*.

Furthermore, in response to current issues such as the economic crisis and migration, the Foundation's representatives presence in Greek and international television and radio stations and printed media has been significant. A remarkable example has been the large number of interviews of researchers in international media, such as *the New York Times*, *the Economist*, the French newspapers *Les echos* and *Le Monde*, the Austrian newspaper *Kurier*, the Japanese news agency *Kyodo News*, the German daily *Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung*, *Tagesschau*, *CNBC TV18 India*, *TV1 Finland*, *Radio Suisse Romande*, *NOS New Netherlands*, *Gazeta Wyborcza*, *RAI 3*, *Reuters TV*, *Hurriyet Daily News*, *Russia Today TV*, the Dutch newspaper *NRC Handelsblad* e.t.c.

In conclusion, ELIAMEP proved to be an important reference point for both Greek and foreign journalists and media from all around the world with regard to matters of national, European and global interest, testifying to its proven prestige and contribution to independent information and analysis.



MULTIMEDIA

www.eliamep.gr

<http://blogs.eliamep.gr/>

Two years ago ELIAMEP undertook a wide-reaching initiative, aiming to upgrade its digital presence and provide users with enhanced functionality and advanced interaction options. In 2009 ELIAMEP continued its efforts to further develop this web-based environment with the aim of facilitating the generation and promotion of creative and viable ideas and action potentials, and supporting the development of a kind of “academic activism”.

In this respect, the Foundation’s main website became a central channel of communication for disseminating information about our activities on a daily basis and inviting other professionals, as well as the wider public, to review and debate our work. A major part in this was played by our collective blog, which continued hosting scholars’ contributions on specific topics, video interviews with experts or policy makers and focused analyses on controversial policy matters, while at the same time offering visitors the opportunity to comment or even submit their own views for publishing.

Last but not least, in 2009 ELIAMEP established two further content partnerships with renowned European information portals, namely EURACTIV and TOUTELEUROPE. Having recognized their importance for enhancing the dissemination and increasing the visibility of our activities, we are aiming to expand this cooperation by establishing similar partnerships with further online media both in Greece and abroad.

According to the latest statistics, today ELIAMEP’s webpages receive on average 23.000 unique visits a month, originating mostly from Greece, Europe and the United States.



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Dia ANAGNOSTOU, Lecturer of Politics, Department of Balkan, Slavic and Oriental Studies, Macedonia University of Thessaloniki, Minorities, Theories of Nationalism, Southeastern and Eastern Europe

Jens BASTIAN, Managing Editor of the Journal of Southeast European and Black Sea Studies (Taylor & Francis, London), Economist, Balkan Economy

Filippa CHATZISTAVROU, Website Editor, European Governments and Administrative Integration in the EU, EU Institutional Law, Theories of European Integration

Ioannis N. GRIGORIADIS, Lecturer, Department of Turkish & Modern Asian Studies, University of Athens, Turkish Politics, EU Politics, Energy Politics, Nationalism, Democratisation

Ruby GROPAS, Lecturer, Law Faculty, Democritus University of Thrace, Komotini, Human Rights, European Integration, EU Foreign Policy, Balkans, Migration

Nikos KOUTSIARAS, Lecturer, Faculty of Political Science and Public Administration, University of Athens, European Integration, Employment and Labour Market Policy, Social Policy, EMU and Macroeconomic Policy

Thanos MAROUKIS, Migration, Social Theory, Labour Markets

George PAGOULATOS, Associate Professor of Politics, Department of International & European Economic Studies, Athens University of Economics & Business and Visiting Professor at the College of Europe in Bruges, European Public Policy, Political Economy

Evangelia PSYCHOGIOPOULOU, EU/EC Law, Cultural and Media Policies, Human Rights, Institutional Aspects

Anna TRIANDAFYLLIDOU, Assistant Professor, Department of Social Administration, Democretus University of Thrace and Visiting Professor at the College of Europe in Bruges Migration, European Integration, Nationalism

Sappho XENAKIS, Intra-European Fellow, Security Transfer Policy Security Transfer Policy

Stavros Costopoulos Research Fellow

Janis Emmanouilidis, European Integration, Common Foreign and Security Policy (October 2008 to September 2009 - Mr Emmanouilidis continued his cooperation with ELIAMEP as Research Associate)

Giorgos Glynos, European Integration and Greek-EU relations (since October 2009)

Junior Research Fellows

Francesca BROERSMA, Migration

Dina KARYDI, European Policy & the Third Sector, Democratisation & Participations, Models of Governance

Daria LAZARESCU, Southeastern Europe, Migration

Marina NIKOLOVA, Migration, Nationalism

Michaela MAROUFOF, Media, Cultural Policy, Migration

Elli SIAPKIDOU, European Integration and Institutions, Democratic Deficit, European Public Opinion

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Research Associates

Effie Fokas, PhD, London School of Economics and Political Science, UK, European Identity and Religion, Theories of Nationalism

Antonis Kamaras, Analyst, Levant Partners, Corporate Internationalisation, Emerging Markets

Andreas Kintis, PhD, University of Hull, UK, European Affairs

Christos Kollias, Associate Professor, University of Thessaly, Defence Economics

Stella Ladi, Lecturer, Department of Politics and History, Panteion University, Europeanization, Public Policy

Panagiotis Liargovas, Associate Professor, University of Peloponnese, International Economics

Antigoni Lyberaki, Professor, Panteion University, Small-Medium Enterprises (SMEs), Labour Market, Welfare State, Migration

Dimitris A. Sotiropoulos, Assistant Professor, University of Athens, Public Administration, Welfare State, Democratisation, SE Europe

Panagiotis Tsakonas, Assistant Professor, University of the Aegean, International Relations and Security in the Mediterranean and Southeastern Europe

Dimitris Tsarouhas, Assistant Professor, Bilkent University, Europeanisation, European Political Economy, Social Democracy, Welfare Politics and Labour Relations, Greek-Turkish Relations, EU-Turkey Relations

Katia Vlachos-Dengler, PhD, RAND Graduate School, Santa Monica, Defence Policy, Defence Industry, Strategic Airlift

Stefanos Xenarios, Environmental Economics

Alexandros Yannis, PhD, Geneva University, Switzerland, Balkan Affairs

Junior Research Associates

Dimitris Antoniou, PhD candidate, University of Oxford, UK, Religion and Politics

Myrto Stasinopoulou, MPhil candidate, University of Oxford, UK, Comparative Politics, Comparative Political Economy

Maria Vervenidou, M.A. Bilkent University-Ankara, M.A. SOAS-London, Turkish Politics

Activities of ELIAMEP’s Research Team

Loukas TSOUKALIS

Loukas Tsoukalis, President of ELIAMEP, participated in the seminar organised by Policy Network, the European Institute of the LSE and ELIAMEP on 9 March and presented the draft synthesis report of the project “An EU ‘fit for purpose’ in the global age” in a public discussion at the LSE with the participation of the British Foreign Secretary, Mr David Miliband, and the Dutch European Minister, Mr Frans Timmermans. On 10 March he took part in a panel discussion in Athens on the global economic crisis. On 11 March, he launched his new book in Greek ‘And if we came out of our shells?’ presented by the former President of the Republic of Cyprus, Mr George Vassiliou, Ms Anna Diamantopoulou, former European Commissioner, and Mr Alexis Papahelas, editor of Kathimerini. On 27-28 March, he took part in the Progressive Governance Conference at Viña del Mar in Chile, and on 2 April he spoke on deepening and widening of the EU at the Charles University in Prague. On 10-12 April he participated in the Council meeting of the ECFR in Stockholm, and on 12-13 April at the conference on Global Governance, World Prosperity and Development organised by BEPA of the European Commission in Brussels. He also gave a long interview on the economic crisis and its implications for Europe to the Director of the Netherlands Scientific Council for Government Policy as part of a series of in-depth interviews with ‘leading thinkers’ on the subject. On 22-27 June, he ran the 6th European Seminar of ELIAMEP on The Delphic Oracle for Europe: Politics and Policies.

Theodore COULOUMBIS

In June 2009 Theodore COULOUMBIS, Vice-President of ELIAMEP, participated in the annual Halki International Seminars. Throughout the year he continued writing for his monthly column in the Greek daily KATHIMERINI and regularly published articles in the online magazine RealClearWorld.

Thanos DOKOS

In March 2008, Thanos Dokos, Director General, participated in the 4th Brussels Forum, organised by the German Marshall Fund of the United States. In April, he presented a paper in a conference on “The Cyprus Peace Process”, organized by CEPS in Brussels. In the same month he participated to a conference on “Cyprus-SE Europe: Challenges 2009-2019” in Nicosia and in May, he coordinated a workshop on Security Sector Reform in Albania, organized in Tirana in cooperation with the Albanian Institute for International Studies in the context of the EU-funded Initiative for Peacebuilding (IFP). He also participated to a workshop on Greek security policy in the context of the defence exhibition “Athens International” in late May and to a meeting of the Greek-Turkish Forum in Istanbul. In late June he coordinated the Halki International Seminars 2009, organised by ELIAMEP at the small Aegean island of Halki, near Rhodes, on Current and Emerging Security Challenges in Southeastern Europe, the Black Sea, the Mediterranean and the Middle East. In July 2008, and again in December, he attended international meetings on Middle East Regional Security and Cooperation, held in Athens. In October he visited Taiwan as part of a study tour organized by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Taiwan. Later in the month he presented a paper in an international conference on climate change held in Athens. In November, he participated to the Halifax International Security Forum, in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada. In the same month he was a speaker at the

annual Forum on Greek Economy, organized in Athens by the Greek-American Chamber of Commerce and he participated to a workshop on the European Neighbourhood Policy organized in Sofia by ECFR+EIRI. In December, he was a speaker in a workshop on “Turkey and ESDP”, jointly organized by the EU Institute for Security Studies and the Turkish think-tanks EDAM and METU in Istanbul and to a workshop on NATO organized by the Greek Association for Atlantic & European Cooperation in Athens. In 2009 Thanos Dokos published a book entitled “The proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction in the Mediterranean and the Middle East. EU and NATO’s Options” (London, Taylor & Francis Publishers) and contributed a country chapter on Greece on a study published by the European Council on Foreign Relations on “Power Audit of EU-US Relations”. He also contributed two chapters to collective volumes on “Turkey’s potential contribution to European Security” and ‘Reforming Greece’s Security Sector (in Greek). He taught at the University of Athens and lectured at the National Security School, the National Defence Academy, the Naval War College and the Joint War College, in Athens and Thessaloniki respectively. He continued writing his bi-weekly column for the daily newspaper Kathimerini.

Dia ANAGNOSTOU

From January to March 2009, Dia Anagnostou, Research Fellow, was Fernand Braudel Fellow at the Law Dept. of the European University Institute in Florence. During her fellowship, she gave two seminars on “Cultural diversity, human rights and minorities” at the EUI, and on “The European Court of Human Rights and the protection of minorities” at the European MA Program on Human Rights in the University of Siena. In April, she also gave a lecture on this latter topic at the American Studies Seminar (co-organized by Macedonia University and the American Consulate) in Thessaloniki. During the same period, she completed together with Evangelia Psychogiopoulou a collective volume on “The European Court of Human Rights and the Rights of Marginalised Individuals and Minorities in National Context” (Brill Publishers, currently in press). In the context of the JURISTRAS project, she co-organized, together with the Council of Europe Directorate General for Human Rights and Legal Affairs, a day-long final conference, which was held on 18 June in the Council of Europe premises in Strasbourg. In June, Dia got involved in a study on the Greek Parliament in the framework of a project entitled “Transparency and Accountability of Parliaments in the Balkans”. In autumn, Dia presented a paper on “European integration and gender equality in Greece: from the feminist movement of the 1990s to the judicial battles of the 2000s” at the European Consortium of Political Research General Conference that took place in Potsdam on 10-12 September 2009. On 8-11 October 2009, she organized an exploratory workshop, funded by the ESF, on “Rights, legal mobilization and political participation in Europe”, which was attended by 20 participants from 11 countries. In October and December 2009, she authored two studies on “Transparency and accountability in the Greek Parliament” (in collaboration with the CLS and the Friedrich Ebert Foundation in Sofia, Bulgaria), and on “Legal norms and state policies regulating acquisition and loss of Greek citizenship: historical evolution and contemporary reforms” (in collaboration with the EUDO project at the EUI and with FIERI, Italy). Her book, co-edited with Evangelia Psychogiopoulou, on “The European Court of Human Rights and the Rights of Marginalised Individuals and Minorities in National Context”, has been published by Martinus Nijhoff Publishers. During this period, her recent publications have appeared in the journals International Journal of Human Rights and in European Public Law (co-editor and co-author of a special issue). She has also been working on the book “Domesticating the European Court of Human Rights:

Implementation, Legal Mobilization and Policy Change” (forthcoming by University of Pennsylvania Press, 2010).

Ekavi ATHANASOPOULOU

In November 2009 Ekavi Athanasopoulou, Research Fellow, published the Greek translation of her book “United in Diversity? European Integration and Political Cultures” at EPIKENTRO Publications.

Ioannis N. GRIGORIADIS

Dr. Ioannis N. Grigoriadis, Research Fellow, presented a paper entitled “Greek-Turkish Energy Cooperation and European Energy Security” at the International Studies Association (ISA) Annual Convention which took place in New York City from 15 to 18 February 2009. He represented ELIAMEP in the Annual Plenary Meeting of the Arab Reform Initiative (ARI) which took place in Rabat from 12 to 14 March 2009. He presented a paper entitled “Europe and the Impasse of Centre-Left Politics in Turkey: Lessons from the Greek Experience” at the 10th Mediterranean Research Meeting which took place in Montecatini Terme from 25 to 29 March 2009. He presented a paper entitled “Islam and Democratization in Turkey: Secularism and Trust in a Divided Society” at the “Religion and Democratisations” conference, organised at the London Metropolitan University from 17 to 19 April 2009. He made a presentation entitled “The Image of Greek and Turk in Both Neighbour Societies” at the Annual SAFIA Conference, held in Athens on 14 May 2009. He made a presentation entitled “The Greek-Turkish Population Exchange and Europe” in the 8th Friendship Festival of the Daphne-Defne Greek-Turkish Association, which was held in Nevşehir, Turkey from 15 to 17 June 2009.

Thanos MAROUKIS

Thanos Maroukis, Research Fellow, co-organised two workshops in April 2009 regarding irregular migration in the context of the research project CLANDESTINO in Athens, Greece: the Workshop “Irregular Migration and Informal Economy: Lessons from Southern and Central Eastern European Countries” that took place on the 27th of April and the Workshop “Irregular Migration in Europe in Comparative Perspective” organised the following day. During the former workshop, he disseminated the findings of his work on migrant cleaners and carers working in Athenian hospitals in the paper “Subcontracting and Irregular Migration: the case of cleaners and carers in Greece”. During the latter, he presented his comparative research on irregular migration in the context of the CLANDESTINO project in the paper “Irregular migration and informal economy in Southern and Central-Eastern Europe: breaking the vicious cycle?” that has been submitted for publication to the Journal International Migration. On the 29th of April he participated in the final consortium meeting of the CLANDESTINO research project in Athens. In April, he wrote the paper “Αλβανοί Μετανάστες: οι εγγύς ‘ξένοι’ (Albanian Immigrants: the close ‘strangers’)” to be published in the Anna Triandafyllidou & Thanos Maroukis eds “Η Μετανάστευση στην Ελλάδα του 21ου αιώνα (Migration in 21st century Greece)”. On the 10th of June 2009, he organised the Conference “Leave your Myth in Greece: Networks and Pathways of 7 Important Migrant Groups in Greece” in Athens, where recent research of four junior researchers of ELIAMEP on the Polish, Bulgarian, Romanian, Ukrainian, Georgian, Pakistani and Bangladeshi immigrant communities was disseminated and discussed by policy makers, state officials, NGOs, journalists and academics. In June 2009 he wrote the paper “Irregular Migration in Greece: size and features, causes and discourses” to be published in the book edited by Anna Triandafyllidou, “Irregular Migration in Europe: Myths and Realities”. In June 2009 he

gave 3 interviews on the radio, 1 TV interview, and participated in one TV discussion about the recent political developments regarding irregular migration in Greece. Finally, he wrote two articles on ELIAMEP blogs between January and June 2009: one about the latest Greek legislation on the 2nd generation of immigrants, and one on the discourse of irregular migration in Greece and the security measures that the policy makers prioritize.

Jannis EMMANOULIDIS

In the first half of 2009 Janis A. Emmanouilidis, Stavros Costopoulos Research Fellow at ELIAMEP, was responsible for the preparation of the 6th ELIAMEP European Seminar entitled *The Delphic Oracle on Europe: Politics and Policies*, which took place in Delphi, Greece on 25-28 June 2009 (see: www.eliamep.gr/en/delphic/). In preparation of the seminar he wrote a paper entitled *Global Europe 2025*. In it he argues that the EU needs to develop and implement a comprehensive, coherent, proactive, innovative and ambitious globalisation project on the basis of a modernized narrative, which grounds on the recognition that European integration is the most appropriate instrument to enable Europe to maximise its global impact according to its values, historical experience and interests. In March and July 2009 he participated in meetings of the Venusberg Group, which will publish a European Briefing Book on Security and Defence for the new European Parliament in September 2009. In March 2009 he spoke at a conference in Tbilisi, Georgia on *Generating Georgia's Input for the Eastern Partnership*. In April 2009 Janis Emmanouilidis spoke about the consequences of enlargement for EU foreign policy at a conference in Stockholm dealing with the question of *How to Strengthen the EU as a Global Partner*. In the first half of 2009 Janis Emmanouilidis was responsible for four new issues of ELIAMEP Thesis covering circular migration (Anna Triandafyllidou), the impact of the crisis on Southeast Europe (Jens Bastian), the Macedonian issue (Evangelos Kofos), and the EU and its neighbourhood (Helen Wallace).

George PAGOULATOS

In the second half of 2009, Dr. George Pagoulatos, associate professor at the Athens University of Economics and ELIAMEP Research Fellow, submitted several academic papers and chapters, and spoke at conferences and academic venues. Publications included: G. Pagoulatos, "Latecomer, uphill adjustment: the Bank of Greece", in K. Dyson and M. Marcussen (eds) *The Changing World of European Central Banking*, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 2009, pp.161-181; G. Pagoulatos, "Regulating Financial Capitalism: the EU's global responsibility", in Roger Liddle (ed.) *After the Crisis: A new socio-economic settlement for the EU*, London, Policy Network, 2009, pp. 31-43. Two further chapters were submitted for publication: G. Pagoulatos and X. Yataganas, "Europe othered, Europe enlisted, Europe possessed: Greek public intellectuals and the European Union", in J. Lacroix and K. Nikolaidis (eds) *European Stories: How National Intellectuals Debate Europe*, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, forthcoming 2010; G. Pagoulatos and L. Tsoukalis, "Multilevel Governance in the European Union", in E. Jones, A. Menon and S. Weatherill (eds) *Handbook on the European Union*, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, forthcoming 2010. George Pagoulatos was co-organizer, discussant, and final panellist of the May 2009 conference "The Challenge of Reform in Greece, 1974-2009: Assessment and Prospects", organized at Yale University, USA. In the second semester of 2009, Pagoulatos collaborated with the other two conference organizers for the preparation of an edited volume on "The Experience of Reform in Greece, 1974-2009", drawing on selected conference papers, forthcoming in 2010 by

Columbia University Press. In September 2009, G. Pagoulatos (with S. Blavoukos) submitted a paper “EU Policy Programs and the ‘Southern’ Model of Capitalism: Setting the Limits of Macro-economic and Structural Convergence”, at the 5th ECPR General Conference, Section: The Quality of Democracy in Southern Europe, Potsdam, Germany. In November 2009, G. Pagoulatos spoke at the final concluding panel of the 2nd Conference of the European Union Studies Association-Greece “Europeanization: Theoretical Framework and Comparative Insights”, held in Athens. In December 2009, Pagoulatos participated in an ELIAMEP panel entitled: “Fiscal Deficits and Europe: Why is Mr Almunia making a fuss about it?”, at the Athens Money Show. In December 2009, George Pagoulatos also gave a lecture “United we stand? The EU’s international leadership and the financial crisis”, at the Europa Institute Conference and special Transatlantic Seminar Series event “The European Union and the Financial Crisis”, St. Cecilia’s Hall, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh. An opinion article of George Pagoulatos appeared at the Summer 2009 FT Special Survey on Greece, (“It’s time for the Greeks to turn things round - again”, Financial Times, June 4, 2009). George Pagoulatos was interviewed by Greek and international media (from the US, the UK, Italy, France, Austria, Finland, Norway, Spain and the Netherlands), regarding the 2009 Greek elections and the situation of the Greek economy. Throughout 2009, George Pagoulatos continued his bi-weekly column at the Sunday edition of newspaper Kathimerini.

Anna TRIANDAFYLLIDOU

During the second semester of 2009, Anna Triandafyllidou has won two large research projects on migration. The first is on Circular Migration in the wider European neighbourhood and is financed by the European Integration Fund for two years starting in January 2010. The second is about the values of tolerance, pluralism and social cohesion and how these can meet the challenges of ethnic and cultural diversity in contemporary European societies. This is a 3.5 year project funded by the Directorate General for Research of the European Commission and will start in spring 2010. During the last six months, Anna Triandafyllidou and the ELIAMEP migration research team have completed three Research Projects on migration. The work conducted under the auspices of the IDEA project completed in July 2009 will be published in a book by Kritiki publishers in Athens (Triandafyllidou, Anna and Maroukis, Thanos (eds) Migration in 21st Century Greece, to appear in May 2010). The EMILIE project which concentrated on multicultural citizenship and migration-related diversity challenges across Europe has generated 3 Policy Briefs on Greece as well as 3 European Policy Briefs in the following policy areas: multicultural education, immigrant political participation and anti-discrimination law and practice. The country-specific and European Policy Briefs were presented at an international conference in Berlin on 23-24 September 2009, held at the House of World Cultures with more than 80 participants from different countries (see <http://emilie.eliamep.gr>). Anna Triandafyllidou has also submitted together with Tariq Modood and Nasar Meer from the University of Bristol, a book proposal on European Multiculturalism(s) to Palgrave publishers in London. The CLANDESTINO project was also completed in November 2009 with a policy workshop held in Brussels with the participation of over 30 policy makers from European and international institutions. The results of the CLANDESTINO project concerning the size, features and main policy challenges pertaining to irregular migrants in the EU have been widely cited and commented in the Greek and international press (see <http://clandestino.eliamep.gr> for press excerpts). During this period, Anna Triandafyllidou has also published together with Carmen Gonzalez Enriquez from the Real Instituto Elcano of Madrid a special issue on Migration Management and Control Policies in Southern Europe: Laws, Processes and

Outcomes, at the European Journal of Migration and Law (vol. 11, issue 2). Last but not least, Anna Triandafyllidou has presented a paper together with Ruby Gropas at the 5th ECP Conference at Potsdam in Germany on 10-12 September 2009 with title 'Political challenges arising from migration-related diversity in Greece'. She also presented a paper entitled 'Westbound: The changing face of intra-EU migration after the Union's enlargement' with Ettore Recchi, professor at the University of Florence, at the European Sociological Association Annual Conference, held in Lisbon on 2-5 September 2009. Anna Triandafyllidou's work and research activities are documented at the ELIAMEP migration home page (www.eliamep.gr/en/migration and at her own homepage www.annatriandafyllidou.com).

Dimitri A. SOTIROPOULOS

Dr. Dimitri A. Sotiropoulos, associate professor of political science and ELIAMEP research associate, participated in a conference on the Europeanization of social and employment policies which took place in Paris in 15-17 January 2009, in the context of the network 'Reconciling Work and Welfare' (RECWOWE, a network of excellence of which ELIAMEP has been a partner since 2006). Dimitri presented a paper on how Greek social and employment policies have made use of European resources since Greece's accession to the European Communities/European Union (1981). In 12-15 March, Dimitri visited Istanbul where he gave a seminar on comparative European administrative systems (Sabanci University) and a paper on the Europeanization of public administration in a conference on bureaucracy (Istanbul University). In 25-28 March, Dimitri co-organized and co-chaired, along with Turkish colleagues from METU (Ankara), a workshop on party politics and policies in Southern Europe, which took place during the 9th Mediterranean Meetings, hosted by the European University Institute, in Florence and Montecatini Terme. In 8-9 May, Dimitri participated in a conference organized by the Hellenic Programme of Yale University in New Haven, Connecticut. The conference was on reforms in contemporary Greece, and Dimitri presented a paper on the causes of reform failures since Greece's transition to democracy (1974). Dimitri will spend the next academic year (2009-2010) in Oxford, where he has been appointed Visiting Fellow of the Southeast European Studies Programme and Senior Member of St. Antony's College, Oxford University.

Dina KARYDI

In the second half of 2009 Dina Karydi, Junior Research Fellow at ELIAMEP, completed the first part of the documentation of the European Thesaurus on International Relations and Area Studies in the context of EINIRAS Network. From October to December 2009, she worked as a member of ELIAMEP's research team for the "Open Parliaments Project", which evaluated the Greek Parliament's degree of openness and accessibility to the Greek civil society. In October 2009, she represented ELIAMEP at the Black Sea NGO Forum in Bucharest where she made two presentations on her paper "Civil society and the policy cycle - which role for environmental NGOs in the EU's policy? The cases of Serbia and Greece" and on the "Open Parliaments Project". In November 2009 she participated as a member of the organisers' team at the Global Forum on Migration and Development which took place in Athens and was organised by the Onassis Foundation, and until December 2009 she co-edited the English edition of the GFMD - Civil Society Days on-line dialogue platform.

Daria LAZARESCU

Daria Lazarescu, Junior Research Fellow, gave a series of seminars on ‘Migrants in Greece and low status work’ within the framework of the programme “Teacher’s training in intercultural education” which took place from 11 April to 20 June 2009. She also gave a lecture on ‘The notion of occupational career within low status services: A review of the international and Greek bibliography’, in a workshop on “Tomorrow’s School... will only be Intercultural”, organised by the Greek Physicians’ Association on the 30th of April 2009 in Athens. On the 10th of June 2009 she presented a recent study on “Romanian migration in Greece: Informal migration networks” at the seminar “Leave your Myth in Greece - Networks and Pathways of Seven Important Migrant Groups in Greece”, organised by the Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) in Athens.

Michaela MAROUFOF

Michaela Marouf, Junior Research Fellow, presented the preliminary findings of her research on Polish, Ukrainian and Georgian immigrants in Greece in a seminar under the theme: «‘Leave your Myth in Greece’. Networks and Pathways of Seven Important Migrant Groups in Greece» held by ELIAMEP on the 10 June 2009.

Marina NIKOLOVA

Marina Nikolova, Junior Research Fellow, presented a paper entitled “The Bulgarians in Greece: periods and trends” at the conference “Leave your Myth in Greece: Networks and Pathways of Seven Important Migrant Groups in Greece” organized by ELIAMEP in June 2009. On the same conference together with Michaela Marouf they presented common research conducted during the past six months in the context of the program CLANDESTINO on the Ukrainian and Georgian immigration to Greece. Both papers will be published in 2010 in the book edited by Anna Triandafyllidou and Thanos Maroukis “The Immigration in Greece during the 21-st century”. In June 2009 she participated in the final meeting of IDEA project in Krakow.



FINANCIAL STATEMENT

HELLENIC FOUNDATION FOR EUROPEAN AND FOREIGN POLICY NON-PROFIT PRIVATE LAW ENTITY

HELLENIC FOUNDATION FOR EUROPEAN AND FOREIGN POLICY
NON-PROFIT PRIVATE LAW ENTITY
BALANCE SHEET AT 31st DECEMBER 2009 (FISCAL YEAR 01/01/2009-31/12/2009)

ASSETS	<u>Amounts of closing year 2009</u>			<u>Amounts of closing year 2009</u>
	<u>Gross Value</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Book Value</u>	
B. FORMATION EXPENSES				A. EQUITY
4. Other Formation Expenses	12.357,00	10.147,00	2.210,00	IV. Capital Reserves
	<u>12.357,00</u>	<u>10.147,00</u>	<u>2.210,00</u>	1. Reserve (surplus) of prior years
				738.064,60
C. FIXED ASSETS				2. Reserve (surplus) of closing year
II. Tangible Assets				<u>138.189,81</u>
3. Buildings and leasehold improvements	1.094.428,61	383.050,01	711.378,60	Total Equity (AI+AIV+AV)
6. Furniture and fixtures	79.236,81	72.376,44	6.860,37	<u>876.254,41</u>
	<u>1.173.665,42</u>	<u>455.426,45</u>	<u>718.238,97</u>	B. PROVISIONS
Total Tangible Assets	<u>1.173.665,42</u>	<u>455.426,45</u>	<u>718.238,97</u>	2. Provisions for contingent liabilities
III. Investments and other Long-Term Receivables				<u>10.101,12</u>
7. Other long-term receivables	419,10	0,00	419,10	Total Provisions (B1)
	<u>419,10</u>	<u>0,00</u>	<u>419,10</u>	<u>10.101,12</u>
Total Fixed Assets (CII+CIII)			<u>718.658,07</u>	C. LIABILITIES
D. CURRENT ASSETS				I. Long Term Liabilities
II. Receivables				2. Bank Loans
1. Trade Debtors		159.272,60		<u>285.459,59</u>
11. Sundry Debtors		2.552,55	161.825,15	<u>285.459,59</u>
III. Securities				II. Current Liabilities
3. Mutual Fund Shares		0,00	0,00	1. Trade Creditors
IV. Liquid Assets				5.916,33
1. Cash in hand		81,00		5. Liabilities for taxes-dues
2. Cash at bank		489.329,39	489.410,39	18.408,70
TOTAL ASSETS (DII+DIII+DIV)			<u>651.235,54</u>	6. Social Security Organizations
E. PREPAYMENTS AND ACCRUED INCOME				11. Sundry Creditors
1. Prepaid Expense		1.861,29		<u>4.538,97</u>
2. Income Receivable		68.137,00	69.998,29	<u>41.359,18</u>
				Total Liabilities (CI+CII)
GRAND TOTAL ASSETS (B+C+D+E)			<u>1.442.101,90</u>	<u>326.818,77</u>
				GRAND TOTAL LIABILITIES (A+B+C+D)
				<u>1.442.101,90</u>

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AT 31st DECEMBER 2009
(ACCOUNTING PERIOD 01/01/2009-31/12/2009)

I. TRADING INCOME/EXPENSES	<u>AMOUNTS OF CLOSING YEAR 2008</u>		<u>AMOUNTS OF CLOSING YEAR 2009</u>
INCOME			Net results/surplus of period
Grants & Sponsorships	1.213.937,02		138.189,81
Donors	28.640,00		(+): Balance from prior years results
Income from Conference Participation Fees	0,00		738.064,60
Total Trading Income	<u>1.242.577,02</u>		TOTAL BROUGHT FORWARD
Other Services	19,50		876.254,41
GRAND TOTAL TRADING INCOME	<u>1.242.596,52</u>	1.242.596,52	
MINUS: 1. Administration expenses			
Salaries	242.653,22		
Fees	77.737,43		
Electricity, Communication, Insurance, etc.	14.573,38		
Taxes & Stamps	8.915,06		
General expenses	15.110,82		
Direct expenses for projects	665.733,72		
Depreciation of assets	59.211,06		
	<u>1.083.934,69</u>	-1.083.934,69	
Partial Operating (surplus) Results		158.661,83	
PLUS: 4. Income from interest	1,89		
MINUS: 1. interest on Bank Loans	21.536,13	-21.534,24	
Total operating (surplus) Results		<u>137.127,59</u>	
II. PLUS/MINUS: EXTRAORDINARY & NON OPERATING INCOME/EXPENSES			
1. Extraordinary Income	1.097,00		
1. Extraordinary Expenses	34,78	1.062,22	
TOTAL PROFIT		138.189,81	
Minus: Total Depreciation of assets	59.211,06		
Minus: Depreciation on operating cost	-59.211,06	0,00	
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXES		<u>138.189,81</u>	

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT

Athens, 23 February 2010

THE HEAD OF THE ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT
IOANNIS POULAKIS

ΕΛΙΑΜΕΠ  **ΕΛΙΑΜΕΡ**

ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟ ΙΔΡΥΜΑ ΕΥΡΩΠΑΪΚΗΣ & ΕΞΩΤΕΡΙΚΗΣ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΚΗΣ
HELLENIC FOUNDATION FOR EUROPEAN & FOREIGN POLICY

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